Generic information	
Name of survey	Wealth and Assets Survey - WAS
Responsible institution	Office for National Statistics - ONS
Main objective	The survey should provide representative data for households and individuals in Great Britain covering:
	the level, distribution nature and type of assets (including savings) and debts of all types;
	- attitudes to financial planning, saving and financial advice;
Structure of data source	- change in the above over time. Panel household survey data.
Frequency	Every two years.
Survey year / Wave	2010-2012, Wave 3.
Coverage	All private households in Great Britain. People in communal establishments such as retirement homes, prisons, barracks, halls of
ū	residence and hotels, as well as homeless people, were not included in the sample.
Sampling	
Sampling procedure	Longitudinal survey with a multi-stage stratified random sample, an overall achieved sample of approximately 20,000 households,
	spread evenly over the two years of the second wave, was required. The Wave one WAS sample was drawn from the Postcode
	Address File (PAF), which is the Royal Mail's database of all addresses in the UK. The sample was restricted to Great Britain and
	excluded Scotland north of the Caledonian Canal, the Scottish Islands and the Isles of Scilly. The ONS PAF sampling frame is held in a hierarchical structure, with addresses grouped into primary sampling units (PSUs) each comprising a postcode sector, or smaller
	sectors grouped together. The sample for the first wave of WAS had two stages. At the first stage, a stratified sample of PSUs was
	drawn, followed by a second-stage sample of 26 addresses from each sampled PSU. For each year of the first wave of the survey,
	1,200 PSUs were drawn, giving a set sample of 31,200 addresses per year. In the first stage of sampling the annual sample of 1,200
	PSUs was drawn using a form of systematic random sampling, with probability proportional to size, from an ordered sampling frame
	of PSUs. The annual samples were drawn separately, creating independent samples. In the second stage, from each sampled PSU, 26
	addresses were sampled using systematic random sampling from the list of addresses sorted by postcode and street number. In wave
	three, follow-up of the respondents and non-contacts at wave one and wave two was supplemented by the introduction of a new
	random sample of around 12,000 addresses.
Sample size	21,447 households.
Collection	1-1,
Collection period	July 2010 - June 2012.
Collection mode	CAPI. The Wealth and Assets Survey has two interview stages in the longitudinal panel design. The primary interview is where the
	WAS questionnaire is utilised; this is referred to as the 'mainstage' interview. The second is the Keeping in Touch Exercise (KITE)
	which is used to maintain respondent's contact details between waves.
Description of instruments	The questionnaire was divided into two parts. The first part was the household schedule which was completed by one person in the
	household (usually the head of household or their partner) and predominantly collected household level information such as the
	number, demographics and relationship of individuals to each other, as well as information about equity release, the ownership,
	value and mortgages on the residence and other household assets.
	The second part of the questionnaire was the individual schedule which was administered to each adult in the household and asked questions about economic status, education and employment, numerical ability, business assets, benefits and tax credits, saving
	attitudes and behaviour, attitudes to debt, major items of expenditure, retirement, attitudes to saving for retirement, pensions,
	financial assets, non-mortgage debt, investments and other income. Proxy interviews were allowed for those with a good
	understanding of the person's details.
Definitions	
Household	A single person or a group of people who have the address as their only or main residence and who either share one meal a day or
TT11-1	share the living accommodation. The person recognised as household reference person, the person with the highest income or the older if both householders have
Household head	exactly the same income.
Data quality aspects	exactly the same income.
Non-response error	35%.
Item non-response /	Single imputation was applied across all of the variables that formed the building blocks for key outputs. The problem of erroneous
imputation	data in WAS was approached in two stages: firstly a deductive imputation method followed by a statistical method. Deductive
	imputation was applied where a missing or inconsistent value could be deduced with certainty. Deductive imputation was applied
	wherever possible before applying statistical methods. Statistical imputation used a nearest-neighbour imputation method.
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Weighting	Cross-sectional calibration weight and individual longitudinal weight are available, no replicate weights.
Labour market information Eligibility	Individuals aged 16 or more, except 16-18 years old in full-time education.
Employment	Any work or any attachment to a job during the week prior the interview.
Income	p y www.men. to w job during the stock prior the intersion.
Reference period	For most regular incomes it is the last month or the period covering the last payment received; for less regular ones it is the last 12
	months.
Unit of time	Any period between one week and last 12 months.
Unit of collection	Individuals for most income sources (pension, job, type of benefit, accounts, etc.).
Taxes and contributions	Some incomes (wages, occupational pensions, redundancy payments and Government training schemes) are available in both gross
D	and net terms, the difference is taken as the total mix of income taxes and social contributions.
Restrictions	<u> -</u>
Wealth Performed pariod	At the time of interview
Reference period Unit of collection	At the time of interview. Individuals for most assets and liabilities, except for the value of principal residence and related mortgages and equity release and
om or concention	household goods, collectibles and vehicles.
Restrictions	-
Additional remarks	•
Additional remarks	Age is provided in brackets for confidentiality reasons.
	s Survey User Guide Wave three 'report' dataset TIK Data Archive Study Number 7215 - Wealth and Assets Survey ONS