## Generic Codebook

**LWS** Database

2019 Template

Variable	hid: household identifier	
File	Household / Person	
Definition	Unique (within dataset) household number.	
Comments	For confidentiality reasons, this identifier differs from the original one.	
	Necessary when merging household and person file. This identifier is unique only within each country/year	
	dataset; when combining different countries or years it is necessary to use it in combination with the variable	
	DID in order to uniquely identify households.	
Values	Continuous variable	
N/ I- I-	Address of the state of the sta	

Variable	pid: person identifier	
File	Person	
Definition	Unique (within household) person number.	
Comments	For confidentiality reasons, this identifier differs from the original one.	
	This identifier is unique only within each household (it is necessary to use it in combination with the variable	
	HID in order to uniquely identify individuals).	
Values	Continuous variable	

Variable	did: unique country/year number	
File	Household / Person	
Definition	Unique (within LIS Database) dataset number.	
Comments	Assigned by LIS in order of entry into LIS Database.	

Values Continuous variable

Variable	dname: country/year identifier
File	Household / Person
Definition	Unique (within LIS Database) dataset identifier, composed of a 2-letter country abbreviation (coded according to the ISO-3166) and a 2-digit income reference year.
Comments	Please note that the income reference year may differ from the year following which the survey was named by the data provider, and/or the year in which the survey was conducted.

Values String variable

Variable	cname: country name
File	Household / Person
Definition	Full name of country.
Comments	-

Values String variable

Variable	iso2: 2-letter country abbreviation	
File	Household / Person	
Definition	Unique (within LIS Database) country identifier, composed of a 2-letter country abbreviation (coded according to the ISO-3166).	
Comments	This corresponds to the first two characters of the CNAME variable.	
Malinas	Chaire and inhib	

Values String variable

Variable	iso3: 3-letter country abbreviation
File	Household / Person
Definition	Unique (within LIS Database) country identifier, composed of a 3-letter country abbreviation (coded according to the ISO-3166).
Comments	-

Values String variable

Variable	year: reference year	
File	Household / Person	
Definition	4-digit income reference year of the data.	

Comments	Please note that the income reference year may differ from the year following which the survey was named by	
	the data provider, and/or the year in which the survey was conducted. This corresponds to the year referred to	
	in the last two characters of the CNAME variable.	
Values	Continuous variable	

Variable	wave: data wave	
File	Household / Person	
Definition	Indicator of the LIS wave to which the dataset belongs.	
Comments	The LIS waves include datasets with the following income reference years:	
	Historical Wave: before 1979	
	Wave I : 1979-1982	
	Wave II: 1983-1987	
	Wave III: 1988-1992	
	Wave IV: 1993-1997	
	Wave V: 1998-2002	
	Wave VI: 2003-2005	
	Wave VII: 2006-2008	
	Wave VIII: 2009-2011	
	Wave IX: 2012-2014	
	Wave X: 2015-2017	
	Please note that the income reference year may differ from the year following which the survey was named b	
	the data provider, and/or the year in which the survey was conducted.	
Values	0 Historical Wave	
	1 Wave I	
	2 Wave II	
	3 Wave III	
	4 Wave IV	
	5 Wave V	
	6 Wave VI	
	7 Wave VII	
	8 Wave VIII	
	9 Wave IX	
	10 Wave X	
	11 Wave XI	
	12 Wave XII	

Variable	hpopwgt: household weight
File	Household
Definition	Population household cross-sectional weight: this weight inflates the result to reflect the total household
	population covered by the dataset.
Comments	This variable is always filled for all observations.
	Always use the weight in your analysis in order to get results representative of the total population.
	In case of multi-country analysis, the inflated weight should be chosen if each country is intended to count in
	the final results proportionately to its population size.

Values	Continuous variable

13 Wave XIII

Variable	ppopwgt: person weight
File	Person
Definition	Population individual cross-sectional weight: this weight inflates the result to reflect the total individual
	population covered by the dataset.
Comments	This variable is always filled for all observations. In many datasets the individual and the household-level weight
	are the same.
	Always use the individual weight in your individual level analysis in order to get results representative of the
	total individual population.
	In case of multi-country analysis, the inflated weight should be chosen if each country is intended to count in
	the final results proportionately to its population size.

Variable	hwgt: normalised household weight
File	Household
Definition	Household-level cross-sectional weight, normalised to 10,000 by country.
Comments	This variable is always filled for all observations.
	Always use the household weight in your household level analysis in order to get results representative of the
	total household population.
	In case of multi-country analysis, the normalized weight should be chosen if each country is intended to have
	the same weight.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pwgt: normalised person weight
File	Person
Definition	Individual-level cross-sectional weight, normalised to 10,000 by country.
Comments	This variable is always filled for all observations. In many datasets the individual and the household-level weight are the same.  Always use the individual weight in your individual level analysis in order to get results representative of the total individual population.  In case of multi-country analysis, the normalized weight should be chosen if each country is intended to have the same weight.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hwgta: additional household weight
File	Household
Definition	Additional household level weight calculated for a selected sub-sample of households.
Comments	This variable contains an additional household level weight in case only part of the household sample has been selected for some variables. This weight should be used only in connection with the sub-sample for which it was created.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pwgta: additional person weight
File	Person
Definition	Additional individual level weight calculated for a selected sub-sample of individuals.
Comments	This variable contains an additional individual level weight in case only part of the individual sample has been
	selected for some variables.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	currency: currency units
File	Household / Person
Definition	Currency unit in which the money amounts are reported (this always corresponds to the local currency currently in force in the country).
Comments	Both the numerical codes and the 3-letter abbreviation come from the standard classification ISO 4217.

Values	36 AUD - Australian Dollar
	40 ATS - Schilling (historic)
	56 BEF - Belgian franc (historic)
	124 CAD - Canadian Dollar
	152 CLP - Chilean Peso
	156 CNY - Yuan Renminbi
	170 COP - Colombian Peso
	196 CYP - Cyprus Pound (historic)
	203 CZK - Czech Koruna
	208 DKK - Danish Krone
	214 DOP - Dominican Peso
	233 EEK - Estonian Kroon (historic)
	246 FIM - Markka (historic)
	250 FRF - French Franc (historic)
	276 DEM - Deutsche Mark (historic)
	300 GRD - Drachma (historic)

320 GTQ - Quetzal

348 HUF - Forint

352 ISK - Icelandic Krona

356 INR - Indian Rupee

368 IQD - Iraqi Dinar

372 IEP - Irish Pound (historic)

376 ILS - New Israeli Sheqel

380 ITL - Italian Lira (historic)

392 JPY - Yen

400 JOD - Jordanian Dinar

410 KRW - Won

440 LTL - Lithuanian Litas (historic)

442 LUF - Luxembourg Franc (historic)

484 MXN - Mexican Peso

528 NLG - Netherlands Guilder (historic)

578 NOK - Norwegian Krone

590 PAB - Balboa

600 PYG - Guarani

604 PEN - Nuevo Sol

616 PLZ - old Zloty (historic)

642 ROL - old Leu (historic)

643 RUB - Russian Ruble

703 SKK - Slovak Koruna (historic)

704 VND - Vietnamese Dong

705 SIT - Tolar (historic)

710 ZAR - Rand

724 ESP - Spanish Peseta (historic)

752 SEK - Swedish Krona

756 CHF - Swiss Franc

788 TND - Tunisian Dinar

810 RUR - Russian Ruble (historic)

818 EGP - Egyptian Pound

826 GBP - Pound Sterling

840 USD - US Dollar

858 UYU - Peso Uruguayo

901 TWD - New Taiwan Dollar

902 ILP - Israeli Pound (historic)

903 MXP - old Mexican Peso (historic)

938 SDG - Sudanese Pound

941 RSD - Serbian Dinar

946 RON - Romanian Leu

952 XOF - Franc CFA BCEAO

978 EUR - Euro

981 GEL - Georgian Lari

985 PLN - Zloty

986 BRL - Brazilian Real

Variable	grossnet: gross/net income information
File	Household / Person
Definition	Information on whether the current incomes reported in the dataset are gross of taxes and social security contributions (i.e. taxes and contributions fully captured), net (i.e. taxes and contributions not captured) or any in-between situation (i.e. taxes and contributions insufficiently captured); in case they are gross, further information was given (if available) on whether the taxes and social security contributions have been collected or imputed.
Comments	-

Values

100 gross, taxes and contributions fully captured

110 gross, taxes and contributions collected

120 gross, taxes and contributions imputed

200 net, taxes and contributions not captured

300 mixed, taxes and contributions insufficiently captured

310 mixed, total income account for full taxes and contributions, subcomponents do not 320 mixed, total income does not account for full taxes and contributions

Variable	fhimpu: household income imputation (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Dummy for full income imputation of at least one household member, i.e. incomes were fully imputed for one or more household members (in most cases this corresponds to the cases when there has been partial unit non-response).
Comments	-
Values	0 no income imputation 1 income imputation

Variable	fpimpu: individual income imputation (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Dummy for full income imputation of the household member, i.e. incomes were fully imputed (in most cases
	this corresponds to partial unit non-response).
Comments	-
Values	0 no income imputation
	1 income imputation

Variable	inum: implicate number
File	Household / Person
Definition	Implicate number to be used with dataset that include imputed sets of values for missing observations.
Comments	The number of imputed sets of values for each household or individual in LWS datasets is usually equal to 1 (single imputation) or 5 (multiple imputation).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	region_c: region
File	Household
Definition	Region of the residence of the household at the date of interview. Regions should refer to the administrative divisions of the country (at a level higher than the municipality) or geographical areas.
Comments	In European countries, this will typically include the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS) at the lowest level available in the data (NUTS2 or NUTS3).
Values	Country-specific values

Variable	rural: rural area (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Dummy for rural area. The classification of geographical areas into urban and rural follows the country-specific guidelines (i.e. the urban/rural classification is not based on absolute numbers across all countries, but the cutoff point changes from country to country and can change within the same country from year to year in order to retain the individual country's classifications).
Comments	Please note that the definition of rural area used in this variable may differ substantially from dataset to dataset (even for the same country across years); please look at the dataset specific documentation (variable label and/or notes), as well as at the country-specific variables used for its construction (LOCSZ_C and AREA_C).

Values 0 not rural area 1 rural area

Variable	locsz_c: size of locality of residence
File	Household
Definition	Size of the locality: classification by number of inhabitants.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	area_c: type of area
File	Household

Definition	Other classifications of area such as type of area (metropolitan area, urban area, rural area), population density,
	degree of urbanization, or even linguistic region.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	own: owned/rented housing
File	Household
Definition	Indicator of housing tenure (owned/rented/other).
Comments	This variable mainly distinguishes between owned and not owned living quarters, but keeps additional detail whenever available. If possible, a further distinction is made for homeowners into those who still have to repay mortgage versus those who own outright, and for non owners a distinction is made between those who pay a rent (either at market price or subsidised) and those who do not (housing provided by employer, government or others, or illegal occupation).  Note that subsidised rent only flags those households that pay a rent lower than market price, but does not flag
Values	households that just receive a housing subsidy/benefit/allowance.  100 owned 110 owned outright 120 owned with mortgage 200 not owned 210 rented 211 rented at market price 212 subsidised rent 220 free housing 221 employer provided housing 222 government/public provided housing 223 provided by others 224 illegal occupation

Variable	dweltyp: type of dwelling
File	Household
Definition	Type of housing (building) where the household resides.
Comments	-
Values	100 house
	110 detached house
	120 non-detached house
	200 multi-unit residential building
	210 apartment/flat
	220 other multi-unit
	300 other type of dwelling
	310 movable dwelling
	320 informal dwelling

Variable	hhtype: household composition
File	Household
Definition	The composition of the household with respect to the head and following the definition of family nucleus that
	includes married and cohabiting couples and considers only first-degree relationships between parents and
	children.
Comments	The household composition is identified only from the relationship to the household head of all household
	members (non household members are not considered). While the usual definition of family nucleus considers
	as children only children of the head who are unmarried and have no children, we consider all children
	regardless of their marital and parenthood status.
Values	100 one person household
	210 couple without children
	220 couple with children
	230 one parent with children
	310 couple without children and relatives
	320 couple with children and relatives
	330 one parent with children and relatives
	400 relatives living together (no family nucleus)

510 couple without children and nonrelatives

520 couple with children and nonrelatives

530 one parent with children and nonrelatives

610 couple without children and relatives and nonrelatives

620 couple with children and relatives and nonrelatives

630 one parent with children and relatives and nonrelatives

700 relatives and nonrelatives living together (no family nucleus)

800 nonrelatives living together

900 head and other

910 couple without children and other

920 couple with children and other

930 one parent with children and other

Variable	hpartner: head living with partner (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Dummy for partnership of the head. Refers to co-residing partners only.
Comments	-

Values 0 head not living with partner

1 head living with partner

Variable	nhhmem: number of household members
File	Household
Definition	Number of household members.
Comments	This is the counter used for all household composition counters below, as well as for the construction of the LIS equivalence scale in all LIS Key Figures.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	nhhmem65: number of household members 65 or older
File	Household
Definition	Number of household members aged 65 or older.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	nhhmem17: number of household members 17 or younger
File	Household
Definition	Number of household members aged 17 or younger.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	nhhmem13: number of household members 13 or younger
File	Household
Definition	Number of household members aged 13 or younger.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	nearn: number of household members with labour income
File	Household
Definition	Number of household members with incomes from labour during the income reference period (see variables
	pilabour for the definition of labour income).
Comments	-

Variable	relation: relationship to household head	
File	Person	
Definition	Classification of household members according to their relationship to the head of the household.	

Comments

The household head is the one designed by the data provider. Note that the head can be defined differently across datasets: from self-defined by household members to the person with highest individual income or the person responsible for accommodation, etc. See country specific documentation for more details.

Values

1000 head

2000 spouse/partner

2100 spouse

2200 cohabiting partner

3000 child

3100 own child (incl adopted)

3200 step-child 3300 foster child 4000 other 4100 other relative

4110 spouse/partner of child

4120 grandchild or greatgrandchild (incl in-laws)

4130 parent/grandparent/ascendant (incl in-laws)

4131 parent/grandparent/ascendant

4132 parent/grandparent/ascendant-in-law

4140 siblings (incl in-laws)

4150 aunt/uncle 4160 nephew/niece

4170 cousin

4200 other non-relative 4210 housemate/roommate

4220 domestic employee and his/her family

4230 guest/visitor/boarder/lodger

Variable	partner: living with partner (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Dummy for partnership. Refers to co-residing partners only.
Comments	Includes all cohabiting couples: married, in a registered partnership or without a formal relationship. Please be
	aware that the information is often available only for head and spouse.
Values	0 not living with partner
	1 living with partner

Variable	parents: living with parents
File	Person
Definition	Classification of household members according to the co-residence with their parents.
Comments	Please be aware that the information is often available only for children of the head.
Values	100 living with parent(s)
	110 living with one parent
	120 living with two parents
	200 not living with parent(s)

Variable	nchildren: number of own children living in household
File	Person
Definition	Number of own children living in the same household
Comments	Please be aware that the information is often available only for head and spouse.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	ageyoch: age of youngest own child living in household	
File	Person	
Definition	Age of youngest own child living in the household.	
Comments	Please be aware that the information is often available only for head and spouse.	

Variable	age: age in years

File	Person
Definition	Age in years.
Comments	When original data provide age in intervals, values given are the lowest value of the interval.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	sex: gender
File	Person
Definition	Classification of persons according to their sex.
Comments	-
Values	1 male

/alues	1 male
	2 female

Variable	marital: marital status
File	Person
Definition	Classification of persons according to their marital status, as provided in relation to the marriage laws or customs of the country.
Comments	Marital status will in general correspond to the de jure situation (i.e. the situation with respect to legal unions whether marriage or registered unions), but can also refer to some customary consensual unions in case they are based on generally accepted and agreed upon norms and regulations as established by common practice. A a result, whereas for most datasets the "married/in union" overall category only refers to the de jure unions (code 110), for some others it can also refer to consensual unions (code 120). Users interested in partnership status including both the de jure and the de facto situations (i.e. any consensual union) should use the variable PARTNER instead.  Note that in case the 100s codes refer to both the de jure and de facto situations, then code 210 ("never married/not in union") will in practice capture those who were never in a de jure union (never married or in a registered union) and who are not CURRENTLY in a consensual union (as information on cohabitation history is rarely provided).
Values	100 married/in union 110 married 120 in consensual union 200 not married/not in union 210 never married/not in union 220 formerly married/in union 221 separated 222 divorced 223 widowed

Variable	immigr: immigrant (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	This variable captures information on whether the individual is an immigrant in the country of the survey.  Are considered immigrants all persons who have the country of the survey as country of usual residence and (in order of priority):  - whom the data provider defined as immigrants;  - who self-define them-selves as immigrants;  - who are the citizen/national of another country;  - who were born in another country.
Comments	Please note that the definition of immigrant used in this variable may differ substantially from dataset to dataset; please look at the dataset specific documentation (variable label and/or notes), as well as at the variables used for its construction (citizen, ctrybrth, yrsresid, ethnic_c and immig_c).

Values 0 not immigrant 1 immigrant

Variable	citizen: citizenship
File	Person
Definition	This variable captures information on whether the individual is a citizen of the country of the survey.

## Comments The ordering/names of countries within the continents is based on the alphanumeric ISO 3166 classification. Please note that citizenship may differ from nationality defined as the individual's country of origin (relationship between a respondent and his/her state of origin, culture, association, affiliation and/or loyalty).

Values 1000 citizen of the country of the survey

1100 one citizenship

1200 dual citizenship

1300 naturalized citizen

2000 non-citizen

2100 Africa

2101 Eastern Africa

2102 Middle Africa

2103 Northern Africa

2104 Southern Africa

2105 Western Africa

2106 Middle, Eastern and Southern Africa

2107 Middle, Eastern, Western and Southern Africa

2111 Burundi

2112 Comoros

2113 Djibouti

2114 Eritrea

2115 Ethiopia

2116 Kenya

2117 Madagascar

2118 Malawi

2119 Mauritius

2121 Mayotte

2122 Mozambique

2123 Reunion

2124 Rwanda

2125 Seychelles

2126 Somalia

2127 Uganda

2128 United Republic of Tanzania

2129 Zambia

2131 Zimbabwe

2141 Angola

2142 Cameroon

2143 Central African Republic

2144 Chad

2145 Congo

2146 Democratic Republic of the Congo(formerly Zaire)

2147 Equatorial Guinea

2148 Gabon

2149 Sao Tome and Principe

2161 Algeria

2162 Egypt

2163 Libyan Arab Jamahiriya

2164 Morocco

2165 Sudan

2166 Tunisia

2167 Western Sahara, Non-Self Gov. Territory

2171 Botswana

2172 Lesotho

2173 Namibia

2174 South Africa

2175 Swaziland

2181 Benin

2182 Burkina Faso

2183 Cape Verde

2184 Cote d'Ivoire

2185 Gambia

- 2186 Ghana
- 2187 Guinea
- 2188 Guinea-Bissau
- 2189 Liberia
- 2191 Mali
- 2192 Mauritania
- 2193 Niger
- 2194 Nigeria
- 2195 Senegal
- 2196 Sierra Leone
- 2197 Saint Helena(U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2198 Togo
- 2200 Americas
- 2201 Caribbean
- 2202 Central America
- 2203 South America
- 2204 Northern America
- 2205 Central and South America
- 2206 Caribbean, Central and South America
- 2211 Antigua and Barbuda
- 2212 Aruba
- 2213 Bahamas
- 2214 Barbados
- 2215 Cuba
- 2216 Dominica
- 2217 Dominican Republic
- 2218 Grenada
- 2219 Guadeloupe
- 2221 Haiti
- 2222 Jamaica
- 2223 Martinique
- 2224 Netherlands Antilles
- 2225 Puerto Rico
- 2226 Saint-Barthelemy
- 2227 Saint Kitts and Nevis
- 2228 Saint Lucia
- 2229 Saint Martin (French part)
- 2231 Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
- 2232 Trinidad and Tobago
- 2233 Anguilla (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2234 British Virgin Islands (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2235 Cayman Islands (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2236 Montserrat (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2237 Turks and Caicos Islands (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2238 United States Virgin Islands (U.S.A.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2241 Belize
- 2242 Costa Rica
- 2243 El Salvador
- 2244 Guatemala
- 2245 Honduras
- 2246 Mexico
- 2247 Nicaragua
- 2248 Panama
- 2261 Argentina
- 2262 Bolivia
- 2263 Brazil
- 2264 Chile
- 2265 Colombia
- 2266 Ecuador
- 2267 French Guiana
- 2268 Guyana
- 2269 Paraguay
- 2271 Peru

- 2272 Suriname
- 2273 Uruguay
- 2274 Venezuela
- 2275 Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2281 Canada
- 2282 Greenland
- 2283 United States of America
- 2284 Saint Pierre and Miquelon
- 2285 Bermuda (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2300 Asia
- 2301 Central Asia
- 2302 Eastern Asia
- 2303 Southern Asia
- 2304 South-Eastern Asia
- 2305 Western Asia
- 2311 Kazakhstan
- 2312 Kyrgyzstan
- 2313 Tajikistan
- 2314 Turkmenistan
- 2315 Uzbekistan
- 2321 China
- 2322 Hong Kong, Special Admin. Region of China
- 2323 Macao Special Admin. Region of China
- 2324 Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- 2325 Japan
- 2326 Mongolia
- 2327 Republic of Korea
- 2328 Taiwan
- 2331 Afghanistan
- 2332 Bangladesh
- 2333 Bhutan
- 2334 India
- 2335 Iran(Islamic Republic of)
- 2336 Maldives
- 2337 Nepal
- 2338 Pakistan
- 2339 Sri Lanka
- 2341 British Indian Ocean Territory
- 2351 Brunei Darussalam
- 2352 Cambodia
- 2353 Indonesia
- 2354 Lao People's Democratic Republic
- 2355 Malaysia
- 2356 Myanmar
- 2357 Philippines
- 2358 Singapore
- 2359 Thailand
- 2361 Timor-Leste
- 2362 Viet Nam
- 2371 Armenia
- 2372 Azerbaijan
- 2373 Bahrain
- 2374 Cyprus
- 2375 Georgia
- 2376 Iraq
- 2377 Israel
- 2378 Jordan
- 2379 Kuwait 2381 Lebanon
- 2382 Occupied Palestinian Territory
- 2383 Oman
- 2384 Qatar
- 2385 Saudi Arabia

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2386 Syrian Arab Republic
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2387 Turkey

2388 United Arab Emirates

2389 Yemen

2391 Kurdistan

2400 Europe

2401 European Union

2402 Old EU-15 countries

2403 New EU countries

2404 BE-NL-LUX

2405 Non-EU countries

2406 Eastern Europe

2411 Belarus

2412 Bulgaria

2413 Czech Republic

2414 Hungary

2415 Poland

2416 Republic of Moldova

2417 Romania

2418 Russian Federation

2419 Slovakia

2421 Ukraine

2422 Czechoslovakia (ceased to exist 1992)

2431 Aland Islands

2432 Channel Islands

2433 Denmark

2434 Estonia

2435 Faeroe Islands

2436 Finland

2437 Guernsey

2438 Iceland

2439 Ireland

2441 Isle of Man

2442 Jersey

2443 Latvia

2444 Lithuania

2445 Norway

2446 Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands

2447 Sweden

2448 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

2451 Albania

2452 Andorra

2453 Bosnia and Herzegovina

2454 Croatia

2455 Greece

2456 Holy See

2457 Italy

2458 Kosovo

2459 Malta

2461 Montenegro

2462 Portugal 2463 San Marino

2464 Serbia

2465 Slovenia

2466 Spain

. 2467 Macedonia

2468 FRY/State Union of Serbia and Montenegro (ceased to exist in 2003/2006)

2469 Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia (ceased to exist 1992)

2471 Gibraltar(U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2481 Austria

2482 Belgium

2483 France

2484 Germany

2485 Liechtenstein

2486 Luxembourg

2487 Monaco

2488 Netherlands

2489 Switzerland

2500 Oceania

2501 Australia and New Zealand

2502 Melanesia

2503 Micronesia

2504 Polynesia

2511 Australia

2512 New Zealand

2513 Norfolk Island

2521 Fiji

2522 Papua New Guinea

2523 Solomon Islands

2524 Vanuatu

2525 New Caledonia (France), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2531 Kiribati

2532 Marshall Islands

2533 Micronesia (Federated States of)

2534 Nauru

2535 Northern Mariana Islands

2536 Palau

2537 Guam (U.S.A.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2541 Cook Islands

2542 French Polynesia

2543 Niue

2544 Samoa

2545 Tonga

2546 Tuvalu

2547 Wallis and Futuna Islands

2548 American Samoa (U.S.A.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2549 Pitcairn (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2551 Tokelau (New Zealand), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2800 stateless

2913 Middle East

2914 Middle East and North Africa

Variable	ctrybrth: country of birth
File	Person
Definition	Information provided by the respondent about the country where h/she was born.
Comments	-

Values 1000 born in the country

1100 born in mainland

1200 born in country's territory 1300 born within former borders

2000 born outside the country

2100 Africa

2101 Eastern Africa

2102 Middle Africa

2103 Northern Africa

2104 Southern Africa

2105 Western Africa

2106 Middle, Eastern and Southern Africa

2107 Middle, Eastern, Western and Southern Africa

2111 Burundi

2112 Comoros

2113 Djibouti

2114 Eritrea

2115 Ethiopia

2116 Kenya

- 2117 Madagascar
- 2118 Malawi
- 2119 Mauritius
- 2121 Mayotte
- 2122 Mozambique
- 2123 Reunion
- 2124 Rwanda
- 2125 Seychelles
- 2126 Somalia
- 2127 Uganda
- 2128 United Republic of Tanzania
- 2129 Zambia
- 2131 Zimbabwe
- 2141 Angola
- 2142 Cameroon
- 2143 Central African Republic
- 2144 Chad
- 2145 Congo
- 2146 Democratic Republic of the Congo(formerly Zaire)
- 2147 Equatorial Guinea
- 2148 Gabon
- 2149 Sao Tome and Principe
- 2161 Algeria
- 2162 Egypt
- 2163 Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
- 2164 Morocco
- 2165 Sudan
- 2166 Tunisia
- 2167 Western Sahara, Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2171 Botswana
- 2172 Lesotho
- 2173 Namibia
- 2174 South Africa
- 2175 Swaziland
- 2181 Benin
- 2182 Burkina Faso
- 2183 Cape Verde
- 2184 Cote d'Ivoire
- 2185 Gambia
- 2186 Ghana
- 2187 Guinea
- 2188 Guinea-Bissau
- 2189 Liberia
- 2191 Mali
- 2192 Mauritania
- 2193 Niger
- 2194 Nigeria
- 2195 Senegal
- 2196 Sierra Leone
- 2197 Saint Helena(U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2198 Togo
- 2200 Americas
- 2201 Caribbean
- 2202 Central America
- 2203 South America
- 2204 Northern America
- 2205 Central and South America
- 2206 Caribbean, Central and South America
- 2211 Antigua and Barbuda
- 2212 Aruba
- 2213 Bahamas
- 2214 Barbados
- 2215 Cuba

- 2216 Dominica
- 2217 Dominican Republic
- 2218 Grenada
- 2219 Guadeloupe
- 2221 Haiti
- 2222 Jamaica
- 2223 Martinique
- 2224 Netherlands Antilles
- 2225 Puerto Rico
- 2226 Saint-Barthelemy
- 2227 Saint Kitts and Nevis
- 2228 Saint Lucia
- 2229 Saint Martin (French part)
- 2231 Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
- 2232 Trinidad and Tobago
- 2233 Anguilla (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2234 British Virgin Islands (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2235 Cayman Islands (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2236 Montserrat (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2237 Turks and Caicos Islands (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2238 United States Virgin Islands (U.S.A.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2241 Belize
- 2242 Costa Rica
- 2243 El Salvador
- 2244 Guatemala
- 2245 Honduras
- 2246 Mexico
- 2247 Nicaragua
- 2248 Panama
- 2261 Argentina
- 2262 Bolivia
- 2202 001101
- 2263 Brazil 2264 Chile
- 2265 Colombia
- 2266 Ecuador
- 2267 French Guiana
- 2268 Guyana
- 2269 Paraguay
- 2271 Peru
- 2272 Suriname
- 2273 Uruguay
- 2274 Venezuela
- 2275 Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2281 Canada
- 2282 Greenland
- 2283 United States of America
- 2284 Saint Pierre and Miquelon
- 2285 Bermuda (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2300 Asia
- 2301 Central Asia
- 2302 Eastern Asia
- 2303 Southern Asia
- 2304 South-Eastern Asia
- 2305 Western Asia
- 2311 Kazakhstan
- 2312 Kyrgyzstan
- 2313 Tajikistan
- 2314 Turkmenistan
- 2315 Uzbekistan
- 2321 China
- 2322 Hong Kong, Special Admin. Region of China
- 2323 Macao Special Admin. Region of China
- 2324 Democratic People's Republic of Korea

- 2325 Japan
- 2326 Mongolia
- 2327 Republic of Korea
- 2328 Taiwan
- 2331 Afghanistan
- 2332 Bangladesh
- 2333 Bhutan
- 2334 India
- 2335 Iran(Islamic Republic of)
- 2336 Maldives
- 2337 Nepal
- 2338 Pakistan
- 2339 Sri Lanka
- 2341 British Indian Ocean Territory
- 2351 Brunei Darussalam
- 2352 Cambodia
- 2353 Indonesia
- 2354 Lao People's Democratic Republic
- 2355 Malaysia
- 2356 Myanmar
- 2357 Philippines
- 2358 Singapore
- 2359 Thailand
- 2361 Timor-Leste
- 2362 Viet Nam
- 2371 Armenia
- 2372 Azerbaijan
- 2373 Bahrain
- 2374 Cyprus
- 2375 Georgia
- 2376 Iraq
- 2377 Israel
- 2378 Jordan
- 2379 Kuwait
- 2381 Lebanon
- 2382 Occupied Palestinian Territory
- 2383 Oman
- 2384 Qatar
- 2385 Saudi Arabia
- 2386 Syrian Arab Republic
- 2387 Turkey
- 2388 United Arab Emirates
- 2389 Yemen
- 2391 Kurdistan
- 2400 Europe
- 2401 European Union
- 2402 Old EU-15 countries
- 2403 New EU countries
- 2404 BE-NL-LUX
- 2405 Non-EU countries
- 2406 Eastern Europe
- 2411 Belarus
- 2412 Bulgaria
- 2413 Czech Republic
- 2414 Hungary
- 2415 Poland
- 2416 Republic of Moldova
- 2417 Romania
- 2418 Russian Federation
- 2419 Slovakia
- 2421 Ukraine
- 2422 Czechoslovakia (ceased to exist 1992)
- 2431 Aland Islands

- 2432 Channel Islands
- 2433 Denmark
- 2434 Estonia
- 2435 Faeroe Islands
- 2436 Finland
- 2437 Guernsey
- 2438 Iceland
- 2439 Ireland
- 2441 Isle of Man
- 2442 Jersey
- 2443 Latvia
- 2444 Lithuania
- 2445 Norway
- 2446 Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands
- 2447 Sweden
- 2448 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
- 2451 Albania
- 2452 Andorra
- 2453 Bosnia and Herzegovina
- 2454 Croatia
- 2455 Greece
- 2456 Holy See
- 2457 Italy
- 2458 Kosovo
- 2459 Malta
- 2461 Montenegro
- 2462 Portugal
- 2463 San Marino
- 2464 Serbia
- 2465 Slovenia
- 2466 Spain
- 2467 Macedonia
- 2468 FRY/State Union of Serbia and Montenegro (ceased to exist in 2003/2006)
- 2469 Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia (ceased to exist 1992)
- 2471 Gibraltar(U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2481 Austria
- 2482 Belgium
- 2483 France
- 2484 Germany
- 2485 Liechtenstein
- 2486 Luxembourg
- 2487 Monaco
- 2488 Netherlands
- 2489 Switzerland
- 2500 Oceania
- 2501 Australia and New Zealand
- 2502 Melanesia
- 2503 Micronesia
- 2504 Polynesia
- 2511 Australia
- 2512 New Zealand
- 2513 Norfolk Island
- 2521 Fiji
- 2522 Papua New Guinea
- 2523 Solomon Islands
- 2524 Vanuatu
- 2525 New Caledonia (France), Non-Self Gov. Territory
- 2531 Kiribati
- 2532 Marshall Islands
- 2533 Micronesia (Federated States of)
- 2534 Nauru
- 2535 Northern Mariana Islands
- 2536 Palau

2537 Guam (U.S.A.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2541 Cook Islands

2542 French Polynesia

2543 Niue

2544 Samoa

2545 Tonga

2546 Tuvalu

2547 Wallis and Futuna Islands

2548 American Samoa (U.S.A.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2549 Pitcairn (U.K.), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2551 Tokelau (New Zealand), Non-Self Gov. Territory

2913 Middle East

2914 Middle East and North Africa

Variable	yrsresid: years since arrived in country
File	Person
Definition	Cumulative number of years of residence in the country.
Comments	This can contain any of the following information:
	1) cumulative number of years of residence in country;
	2) number of years since the first arrival to the country;
	3) the number of years since the last entrance to the country.
	It could also include the number of continuous years of residency in the country of survey.
14-1	Court of the second of the sec

Values Continuous variable

Variable	ethnic_c: ethnicity/race
File	Person
Definition	Information about cultural, racial, religious, or linguistic characteristics, origin, or classification.
Comments	Possible content: White, African American, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian origin, Hispanic, Latino or Spanish origin (Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race), multiracial/mixed/interracial, language, indigenous populations. identity not country related.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	migrat_c: internal migration
File	Person
Definition	Indicator of movement across administrative borders of the country of survey during a specific period of time.
Comments	Movement within the country of survey.
Values	Country-specific values

Variable	immigr_c: other immigration characteristics
File	Person
Definition	Country-specific additional information about immigration (flag, parents background, mother-tongue, 1st, 2nd
	generation immigrant, permanent versus temporary residency).
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	disabled: disabled (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Are defined as disabled persons who have a permanent disability condition, defined as a (physical or mental) health condition that permanently limits an individual in his/her basic activity functioning (such as walking or hearing), even if the limitation is ameliorated by the use of assistive devices or a supportive environment.

Comments	The purpose of this variable is to try to capture persons who are limited in their basic activity functioning, i.e.
	who have a strong limitation in daily activities. Depending on the information available in the original data,
	disabled persons are thus either simply defined as those with a disability (in case the original available
	information comes in binary form), or as those with at least 50% degree of official disability or with the most
	severe of a three-category measure of disability or limitation (in case the original available information reports
	a measure of the degree of disability/limitation).
	We recommend to always check the dataset-specific codebook for the exact content of this variable, and to
	always use extreme care when comparing it across countries.
Values	O not disabled

Values 0 not disabled 1 disabled

Variable	health_c: subjective health status
File	Person
Definition	Subjective evaluation of one own's self-perceived health status, including any dimension as considered appropriate by the individual (physical, emotional, mental, etc.).
Comments	This is typically reported in a scale of ratings from poor to very good.
Values	Country-specific values

when selecting the sample to compare across datasets.

one level, etc.), but can be available for the entire population in other datasets. Extreme care should be taken

Values 1 low 2 medium 3 high

Variable	educlev: highest completed education level
File	Person
Definition	Highest completed level of education harmonised into standard categories following the International Standard
	Classification of Education (ISCED) 2011:
	110 (less than primary) corresponds to ISCED level 0
	120 (primary) corresponds to ISCED level 1
	130 (lower secondary) corresponds to ISCED level 2
	210 (upper secondary) corresponds to ISCED level 3
	220 (post-secondary non-tertiary) corresponds to ISCED level 4
	311 (short-cycle tertiary) corresponds to ISCED level 5
	312 (bachelor or equivalent) corresponds to ISCED level 6
	313 (master or equivalent) corresponds to ISCED level 7
	320 (doctorate or equivalent) corresponds to ISCED level 8
Comments	Those who never attended school if they can be identified in the data are coded separately in code 111 (never
	attended).
	Especially for the old datasets, we made possible to adapt our variable to the ISCED 1997 classification using as
	well the upper level of our categories:
	110 (less than primary) corresponds to ISCED97 level 0
	120 (primary) corresponds to ISCED97 level 1
	130 (lower secondary) corresponds to ISCED97 level 2
	210 (upper secondary) corresponds to ISCED97 level 3
	220 (post-secondary non-tertiary) corresponds to ISCED97 level 4
	310 (BA, MA or equivalent, short-cycle tertiary) corresponds to ISCED97 level 5
	320 (doctorate or equivalent) corresponds to ISCED97 level 6

Values 100 low, less than upper secondary

110 less than primary

111 never attended

120 primary

130 lower secondary

200 medium, upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary

210 upper secondary

220 post-secondary non-tertiary

300 high, tertiary

310 BA, MA or equivalent, short-cycle tertiary

311 short-cycle tertiary

312 bachelor or equivalent

313 master or equivalent

320 doctorate or equivalent

Variable	educ_c: highest education level
File	Person
Definition	Highest level of education in country-specific format.
Comments	Priority is given to the highest level completed, but it can also contain the highest level attended (with or without) information on whether it was completed. In some datasets, the highest education level
Values	completed/attended is provided as years of schooling.  Country-specific values

Variable	enroll: enrolled in education (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Indicator of current educational enrollment (in or above primary level programme).
Comments	Individuals should be coded as enrolled in education if they are currently attending (or are on vacation from) an educational program. Individuals who are enrolled in enrichment programs (e.g., language classes, art classes) that are not a part of an educational program, should not be counted as enrolled in education unless they cannot be separated from those in educational programs.
Values	0 not enrolled

Variable	edyrs: years of education
File	Person
Definition	Number of years of education (from the first year of primary level).
Comments	The number of education years has been derived from the highest completed level according to the average duration of each cycle as follows: for those who attended some primary level but did not completed it was considered an average of 3 years of schooling; primary level completed is estimated at 6 years; less than upper secondary is estimated at 7 years (however, note that when the data is aggregated at this level this group could include some people with no education at all, as well as with primary incomplete); completed lower secondary was considered as 9 years of schooling; upper secondary (including when it comes aggregated with post-secondary non-tertiary) is considered as 12 years; post-secondary non-tertiary and short-cycle tertiary are both evaluated at 14 years of schooling; bachelor or equivalent is considered 16 years; master or equivalent level is considered 18 years and doctorate or equivalent is considered in average 21 years of schooling. When all tertiary education comes aggregated in one category, as well as when first cycle tertiary comes together with master or equivalent level, the education years are averaged at 16.

Values Continuous variable

1 enrolled

Variable	illiterate: illiterate (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Classification of individuals according to their ability to read and write.
Comments	The dummy flags individuals who are illiterate, thus cannot read and write in any language.

Values 0 literate 1 illiterate

Variable	edmom_c: education of mother
File	Person
Definition	Highest education level of mother in country-specific format.
Comments	Ideally it distinguishes at least between low (including no education), medium and high level of education.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	eddad_c: education of father
File	Person
Definition	Highest education level of father in country-specific format.
Comments	Ideally it distinguishes at least between low (including no education), medium and high level of education.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	emp: employed (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Indicator that employment is the main current activity status as self-assessed by the respondent (recoded from lfs variable).
Comments	Ideally this dummy flags the currently main employed persons. In case the information on main current activity status is not available, the main activity status in the income reference time will be used. In case the latter is not available either, the employment status according to ILO criteria in current period will be used instead (see emp_ilo variable). See the dataset-specific notes to the variable for information on the content. Please note that this dummy is then used as a filter for filling all the job characteristics and the hours variables.
Values	0 not employed

Values 0 not employed 1 employed

Variable	emp_ilo: ILO employed (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Indicator of any employment activity in the current period (according to the ILO criteria).
Comments	This dummy flags the employed persons according to the ILO definition of employment in the current period of time. Are considered ILO employed persons who worked for at least one hour for pay or profit in the short reference period or had a job but did not work in the short reference period due to temporary absence from the job because of sickness, maternity leave, holidays, etc. or due the nature of their working time arrangement, such as shift work, etc.
Values	0 not ILO employed 1 ILO employed

Variable	Ifs: labour force status
File	Person
Definition	Main current activity status as self-assessed by the respondent. It distinguishes between the employed, unemployed and not in labour force. The employed are those for whom work is the main activity, while for all the others, the main activity should attempt to distinguish at least between unemployed and those not in labour force. Among those not in labour force we distinguish between those retired from a job or business, disabled, those enrolled in education and homemakers.
Comments	Ideally this variable refers to the current main activity status. However, if the current main activity status is not available, the main activity status in the income reference time will be used. In case the latter is not available either, the employment status according to ILO criteria in current period will be used instead. See the dataset-specific notes to the variable for information on the content.
Values	100 employed
	200 unemployed

200 unemployed 300 not in labour force 310 retired 320 in education 330 disabled 340 homemaker

Variable	farming: farming activity (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Information on whether or not a household is actively involved in farming (defined as growing crops and/or
	breeding livestock).
Comments	This variable is designed to capture the information about the household's agricultural activities in the
	agricultural areas (which are not necessarily a part of a rural area).
Values	0 no farming activity
	1 farming activity

Variable	informal: informal activity (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Indication of informal labour market activity.
Comments	This dummy flags an indication of informal labour activity. For employees could be the fact that they work without a working contract or that they do not contribute to the social security system, they work in an unregistered business, they do not beneficiate of legal rights (right to pension, paid leave, etc.) or their wage is under-declared. For self-employed an indication of informal is that they own an unregistered business when the legislation in the country requires them to register it, that they do not pay taxes and/or contributions if they have to pay them. We do not aim to flag here those who produce goods and services only for their own consumption.
Values	0 formal activity 1 informal activity

Variable	parleave: maternity/paternity/parental leave (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Indication on whether the person is on leave from employment for maternity, paternity or parental reasons.
Comments	Only leave for birth/adoption and raising children reasons are aimed to be flagged here.
Values	0 not on maternity/paternity/parental leave 1 on maternity/paternity/parental leave

Variable	fyft: full-year full-time (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Dummy indicating whether a person has been working full-time for the entire reference full-year. Full-time is defined with respect to the number of weekly hours worked, as indicated by the respondent himself or by the data provider. If no such definition is provided, LIS uses the threshold of at least 30 hours a week.
Comments	The periods of paid leave from employment are included in the 52 weeks of employment in the reference year in order to be considered full-year.  Dummy derived from the number of weeks worked in full-time in all jobs if available in the original data, otherwise from the number of weeks worked (WEEKS) and the current work-schedule (HOURSTOT, with part-time being defined as less than 30 hours per week).
Values	0 not full-year, full-time worker 1 worked full-year, full-time last year

Variable	hourstot: total weekly hours worked
File	Person
Definition	Regular hours worked at all jobs currently held (including family work and overtime, whether paid or unpaid).
Comments	In most cases this will refer to the regular or usual hours worked (which may differ from both the contractual hours and the actual hours worked during the reference week). In a few instances, this may contain actual hours worked during the reference week, in which case a note would warn the users.  When information is only provided for the primary job, or the dependent employment jobs only, then this information is still included in HOURSTOT, but a note would warn users about it.  Weekly hours are top-coded at 99 hours.

Variable	weeks: annual weeks worked
File	Person
Definition	Number of weeks worked during the year (ideally the same year as the income reference period) in any job.
Comments	Depending on the data source, this may include weeks in which the individual worked any hours or it could be weeks in which the individual worked a majority of days. Paid holidays are considered as worked weeks.

Variable	secjob: multiple jobs holder (dummy)
File	Person
Definition	Indicator of multiple simultaneous jobs for employed individuals.
Comments	-

Values 0 one job

1 more than one job

Variable	wexptl: years of total work experience
File	Person
Definition	Number of years worked during the entire career.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	status1: status in employment, main job
File	Person
Definition	Status in employment in first job. At a minimum, employees should be distinguished from the self employed, but other detail available can be provided (e.g., regular versus non regular for employees and type of self-employed - employer, own-account worker, member of producers co-operative and contributing family worker).
Comments	The classification is based on the international ILO classification for status in employment (ICSE - International Classification of Status in Employment) distinguishes the following six groups:  1. employees 2. employers 3. own account workers 4. members of producers cooperatives 5. contributing family workers 6. workers not classifiable by status The category "Regular employee" includes both workers with permanent contract and fixed term contract as long as it is a regular contract. The category "Non regular employee" includes casual workers, workers in seasonal employment, apprentices other non-regular/non-typical employment. The category "Self-employed" includes also incorporated self-employed.
Values	100 dependent employed 110 regular employee 120 non regular employee 200 self-employed 210 employer 220 own-account worker

Variable	inda1: industry (3-category recode), main job
File	Person
Definition	Industry classification of first job; recode of IND1_C into 3 categories.
Comments	-

Values 1 agriculture 2 industry

3 services

9 indistinguishable

230 member of producers co-operative 240 contributing family worker

Variable	indb1: industry (9-category recode), main job
File	Person
Definition	Industry classification of first job; recode of IND1_C into 9 categories.
Comments	-

Values

1 agriculture, forestry and fishing

2 mining and quarrying; manufacturing; utilities

3 construction

4 wholesale and retail trade, repair; hotels and restaurants

5 transport, storage and communications

6 financial intermediation

7 real estate, renting and business activities

8 public administration; education; health and social work

9 other community, social/personal services; activities of households; extra-territorial

90 indistinguishable

Variable	indc1: industry (17-category ISIC 3.1), main job
File	Person
Definition	Industry classification of first job; recode of IND1_C into the 17 major groups of ISIC Rev. 3.1.
Comments	Filled until LIS Wave VII if available; from LIS Wave VIII onwards gradually phased out if recoding is done
	according to 21 major groups in LIS variable INDD1.

Values

- 1 A-agriculture, hunting and forestry
- 2 B-fishing
- 3 C-mining and quarrying
- 4 D-manufacturing
- 5 E-electricity, gas and water supply
- 6 F-construction
- 7 G-wholesale and retail trade; repair
- 8 H-hotels and restaurants
- 9 I-transport, storage and communications
- 10 J-financial intermediation
- 11 K-real estate, renting and business activities
- 12 L-public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- 13 M-education
- 14 N-health and social work
- 15 O-other community, social and personal service activities
- 16 P-activities of private households as employers
- 17 Q-extra-territorial organizations and bodies
- 90 indistinguishable

Variable	indd1: industry (21-category ISIC 4), main job
File	Person
Definition	Industry classification of first job; recode of IND1_C into the 21 major groups of ISIC Rev. 4.
Comments	Filled systematically from LIS Wave VIII onwards; for earlier LIS Waves rarely filled.

## Values

- 1 A-agriculture, forestry and fishing
- 2 B-mining and quarrying
- 3 C-manufacturing
- 4 D-electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- 5 E-water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- 6 F-construction
- 7 G-wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 8 H-transportation and storage
- 9 I-accommodation and food service activities
- 10 J-information and communication
- 11 K-financial and insurance activities
- 12 L-real estate activities
- 13 M-professional, scientific and technical activities
- 14 N-administrative and support service activities
- 15 O-public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- 16 P-education
- 17 Q-human health and social work activities

- 18 R-arts, entertainment and recreation
- 19 S-other service activities
- 20 T-activities of households as employers; producing activities of households
- 21 U-activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies
- 90 indistinguishable

Variable	ind1_c: industry, main job
File	Person
Definition	Country-specific industry classification of first job.
Comments	Ideally this should contain the 4-digit ISIC Rev. 4 if available in the original data; for LIS Waves I-VII this variable typically refers to the ISIC Rev. 3.1 standard.  In case the data provider coded directly according to ISIC standard, the most detailed ISIC grouping is reported in this variable.  Otherwise this variable contains the national classification, as will be indicated in the variable label.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	public1: public sector (dummy), main job
File	Person
Definition	Sector of employment for the first job. The private sector is the part of a country's economy that consists of privately owned enterprises, while the public sector is the part of an economy that consists of state-owned institutions, including nationalized industries and all services provided by the state.
Comments	Education, health sector and other social services provided by the state, as well as mixed private-public companies, intergovernmental organisations and other similar entities are included in public sector.
Values	0 private sector 1 public sector

Variable	occa1: occupation (3-category recode), main job
File	Person
Definition	Occupational classification of the first job; recode of OCCB1 into 3 main categories.
Comments	Please note that the recoding is done for LIS Waves I-VII according to the ISCO-88 standard recoded in OCCB1.
	From Wave VIII onwards the recoding reflects the ISCO-08 standard, if the national variable can be coded
	accordingly.
Values	1 managers and professionals (ISCO 1 & 2)
	2 other skilled workers (ISCO 3-8, 10)
	3 labourers/elementary (ISCO 9)
	9 indistinguishable

Variable	occb1: occupation (10-category ISCO), main job
File	Person
Definition	Occupational classification of first job; recode of OCC1_C based on the 10 major groups of ISCO classification.
Comments	Please note that the recoding is done for LIS Waves I-VII according to the ISCO-88 standard. From Wave VIII onwards the recoding reflects the ISCO-08 standard, if the national variable can be coded accordingly.

Values 1 managers

2 professionals

3 technicians and associate professionals

4 clerical support workers

5 services and sales workers

6 skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers

7 craft and related trades workers

8 plant and machine operators and assemblers

9 elementary occupations

10 armed forces occupations

90 indistinguishable

Variable	occ1_c: occupation, main job
File	Person
Definition	Country-specific occupational classification of first job.
Comments	Ideally this should contain the 4-digit ISCO-08 if available in the original data; for LIS Waves I-VII this variable typically refers to the ISCO-88 standard.  In case the data provider coded directly according to ISCO standard, the most detailed ISCO grouping is reported in this variable.  Otherwise this variable contains the national classification, as will be indicated in the variable label.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	temp1: temporary employment (dummy), main job
File	Person
Definition	Indication of permanent/open-end contracts versus other types of working contracts in first job.
	Permanent/open-ended contracts are employment contracts of unlimited duration, that can end at the initiative of either the employer or the employee, under the conditions specified in the contract. Temporary (or fixed-term) contracts are employment contracts that last for a certain length of time which is set in advance or end when a specific task is completed or when a specific event takes place, as stipulated in the contract.
Comments	Note that this information is often not available for irregular employees.
Values	0 permanent employment

Values 0 permanent employment 1 temporary employment

Variable	ptime1: part-time employment (dummy), main job
File	Person
Definition	Time schedule in the first job, as self-reported by the individual or defined by the data provider.
Comments	The self-reported part-time/full-time has priority. In case that part-time was not asked directly, it is constructed based on the number of hours.  In case the number of hours is reported without any indication of full or part time status, a job will be considered part time according to the country specific definition of part time employment (in absence of which LIS uses the threshold of 30 weekly hours).
Values	0 full-time 1 part-time

Variable	hours1: weekly hours worked, main job
File	Person
Definition	Regular weekly hours worked at first job (including family work and overtime, whether paid or unpaid).
Comments	In most cases this will refer to the regular or usual hours worked (which may differ from both the contractual hours and the actual hours worked during the reference week). In a few instances, this may contain actual hours worked during the reference week, in which case a note would warn the users.  When information is only provided for dependent employment jobs, then this information is still included in HOURS1, but a note would warn users about it.  Weekly hours are top-coded at 99 hours.

Variable	gross1: gross hourly wage, main job
File	Person
Definition	Gross basic hourly wage rate for the main job. Overtime payments, bonuses and gratuities, family allowances and other social security payments made by employers, as well as ex gratia payments in kind supplementary to normal wage rates, are all excluded from the calculation of the basic gross hourly wage.

v ti v v T ii	Unless provided as such by the data provider, the hourly wage rate is calculated by LIS as the ratio of the basic wage received for one specific job over a given period of time over the number of working hours contracted for that same period for that same job. Note that this definition differs from the one of wage rate actually paid, in which paid overtime would be included in the numerator and usual worked hours (rather than contractual ones) would be included in the denominator.  The latter point implies that when comparing wage rates across occupations, occupations which typically nvolve fewer contractual working hours (e.g. teachers) may have unusually high hourly wage rates. Note that ideally basic wages include cost-of-living allowances and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances, some depending on family type.
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Variable	net1: net hourly wage, main job
File	Person
Definition	Net basic hourly wage rate for the main job,. Overtime payments, bonuses and gratuities, family allowances and other social security payments made by employers, as well as ex gratia payments in kind, supplementary to normal wage rates, are all excluded from the calculation of basic gross hourly wage.
Comments	Unless provided as such by the data provider, the hourly wage rate is calculated by LIS as the ratio of the basic wage received for one specific job over a given period of time over the number of working hours contracted for that same period for that same job. Note that this definition differs from the one of wage rate actually paid, in which paid overtime would be included in the numerator and usual worked hours (rather than contractual ones) would be included in the denominator.  The latter point implies that when comparing wage rates across occupations, occupations which typically involve fewer contractual working hours (e.g. teachers) may have unusually high hourly wage rates.  Note that ideally basic wages include cost-of-living allowances and other guaranteed and regularly paid allowances, some depending on family type.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	cir: expects to receive inheritance/gift
File	Household
Definition	Indication of whether or not a household member expects to receive inheritance or gift that is substantial in
	value. The inheritance/gift can be in form of non-financial or financial asset.
Comments	-
Values	0 no
	1 yes
	2 possibly

Variable	cia: amount of expected inheritance/gift
File	Household
Definition	Total value of expected inheritance or gift that is substantial in value. The inheritance/gift can be in form of non-
	financial or financial asset.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	cig: expects to give inheritance/gift
File	Household
Definition	Indication of whether or not a household member expects to give an inheritance or gift that is substantial in
	value. The inheritance/gift can be in form of non-financial or financial asset.
Comments	-

Values 0 no 1 yes

2 possibly

Variable	chc: home equity line of credit (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Record of whether or not a household has an agreement with the financial institution that allows borrowing money at any time (up to some limit) using the household's principal residence as collateral.
Comments	A home equity line of credit becomes a liability (a fixed length, fixed monthly payment loan) if the household draws the money from this account. In such a case, this amount is recorded in the liabilities section, but the information about the possession of such a line of credit is recorded in this variable.
Values	0 does not have home equity line of credit 1 has home equity line of credit

Variable	cha: amount of home equity line of credit
File	Household
Definition	Difference between the total credit limit on the line of credit secured by the equity in household's principal
	residence and the amount a household owes on this line.
Comments	The amount a household owes on home equity line of credit is recorded in the liability section, specifically in
	variables HLRP and HLSRP. If it is impossible to differentiate between the total credit limit and the amount
	household owns on this line, then a note will be provided.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	cnc: non-home equity lines of credit (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Record of whether or not household has approved lines of credit (e.g. overdrafts from checking account) even if household is not currently drawing against them.
Comments	-
Values	0 does not have non-home equity line of credit 1 has non-home equity line of credit

Variable	cna: amount of non-home equity lines of credit
File	Household
Definition	Approved maximum amount that can be borrowed on all financial accounts except the home equity line of
	credit minus the total balance owed on all these accounts. It includes the credit limit on credit cards minus the
	amount already borrowed, overdrafts from checking accounts, etc.
Comments	This variable might not be fully comparable across LWS datasets due to the fact that the survey questions might
	not cover all accounts. Most likely, they will include only credit limit on credit cards and overdrafts facilities. In
	such situations, an explanatory note will be provided.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	ppr: purchase price of principal residence
File	Household
Definition	Purchase price of principal residence, including the total cost of land and house. If the principal residence was a
	gift/inheritance, this variable would record the value when it was received.
Comments	This variable records the nominal local currency amounts in the year in which the residence was purchased without any conversion to international dollars or current amounts. In other words, this is a historical value (i.e. the original acquisition price) of the principal residence. If the principal residence was constructed by the household, the final cost of construction is also recorded in this variable.  Sometimes the surveys ask the worth of the principal residence at the time the household acquired it instead of asking the purchase price. It is most likely asked in this way to cover those who received the principal residence as a gift, inheritance or constructed it on their own. In this sense a purchase price value corresponds to a worth of the residence, therefore, this historical value is recorded in this variable.

Variable	ppy: year of purchase of principal residence
File	Household

Values

Continuous variable

Values	Continuous variable
	HPIY1, HPIT1, HPIW1, and HPIM1. Negative amounts mean that a person/household inherited a debt.
Comments	The full information about first inheritance (amount, year, type and from whom) is recorded variables HPIA1,
Definition	Total value of 1st inheritance or gift that is substantial in value at the time it was received.
File	Household
Variable	pia1: amount of inheritance/gift received 1
	1 received inheritance/gift
Values	0 did not receive inheritance/gift
Malican	survey questionnaires.
Comments	Please note that the threshold to be considered a substantial amount of gift is defined differently in various
	value. The inheritance/gift can be in form of non-financial or financial asset.
Definition	Information on whether or not a household member ever received an inheritance or gift that is substantial in
File	Household
Variable	pir: inheritance/gift received (dummy)
Values	Continuous variable
	the year of construction is also recorded in this variable.
	only part that household members own. The purchase year of houseboats and mobile homes that are considered the principle residence is also included. If the principal residence was constructed by the househole
	more of its members. The purchase year of land on which the residence is located is also included if it is the
Comments	This variable contains the information on purchase year of primary residence owned or partly owned by one of
	inheritance.
Definition	The purchase year of the principal residence or the year the principal residence was received as a gift or

Variable	pia2: amount of inheritance/gift received 2
File	Household
Definition	Total value of 2nd inheritance or gift that is substantial in value at the time it was received.
Comments	The full information about second inheritance (amount, year, type and from whom) is recorded variables HPIA2, HPIY2, HPIW2, and PHIM2. Negative amounts mean that a person/household inherited a debt.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pia3: amount of inheritance/gift received 3
File	Household
Definition	Total value of 3rd inheritance or gift that is substantial in value at the time it was received.
Comments	The full information about third inheritance (amount, year, type and from whom) is recorded variables HPIA3, HPIY3, HPIT3, HPIW3, and HPIM3. Negative amounts mean that a person/household inherited a debt.

Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pia4: amount of inheritance/gift received 4
File	Household
Definition	Total value of 4th inheritance or gift that is substantial in value at the time it was received.
Comments	The full information about fourth inheritance (amount, year, type and from whom) is recorded variables HPIA4,
	HPIY4, HPIT4, HPIW4, and HPIM4. If more than four inheritances were received, then the combined amounts
	are recorded in HPIA4 with missing information in HPIY4, HPIT4, HPIW4, and HPIM4. Further, negative amounts
	mean that a person/household inherited a debt.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	piy1: year inheritance/gift received 1
File	Household
Definition	The year in which 1st inheritance or substantial gift was received.
Comments	-

Variable	piy2: year inheritance/gift received 2
File	Household
Definition	The year in which 2nd inheritance or substantial gift was received.
Comments	-

Variable	piy3: year inheritance/gift received 3
File	Household
Definition	The year in which 3rd inheritance or substantial gift was received.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	piy4: year inheritance/gift received 4
File	Household
Definition	The year in which 4th inheritance or substantial gift was received.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pit1: type of inheritence/gift received 1
File	Household
Definition	Type of 1st inheritance or substantial gift received.
Comments	HPIT1 corresponds to the most recent type of inheritance/gift received.

Values 10 non-financial

11 real estate

12 family business

13 valuables and durables

20 financial

21 cash

22 cash-equivalent capital investments

30 both non-financial and financial

40 unspecified

Variable	pit2: type of inheritence/gift received 2
File	Household
Definition	Type of 2nd inheritance or substantial gift received.
Comments	HPIT1 corresponds to the most recent type of inheritance/gift received, HPIT2 to the previous one.

Values 10 non-financial

11 real estate

12 family business

13 valuables and durables

20 financial

21 cash

22 cash-equivalent capital investments

30 both non-financial and financial

40 unspecified

Variable	pit3: type of inheritence/gift received 3
File	Household
Definition	Type of 3rd inheritance or substantial gift received.
Comments	HPIT1 corresponds to the most recent type of inheritance/gift received, HPIT2 to the previous one, and so on.

Values 10 non-financial

11 real estate

12 family business

13 valuables and durables

20 financial

21 cash

22 cash-equivalent capital investments

30 both non-financial and financial

40 unspecified

Variable	pit4: type of inheritence/gift received 4
File	Household
Definition	Type of 4th inheritance or substantial gift received.
Comments	HPIT1 corresponds to the most recent type of inheritance/gift received, HPIT2 to the previous one, and so on. If
	four or more inheritances/gifts are received, then the type recorded in HPIT4 corresponds to the type of the
	fourth inheritance/gift received.
Values	10 non-financial
	11 real estate
	12 family business
	13 valuables and durables
	20 financial
	21 cash
	22 cash-equivalent capital investments
	30 both non-financial and financial
	40 unspecified

Variable	piw1: from whom inheritance/gift received 1	
File	Household	
Definition	The individual(s) from whom the 1st inheritance or substantial gift was received.	
Comments	-	
Values	1 grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)	
	2 parent(s)(incl in-laws)	
	3 sibling(s)(incl in-laws)	
	4 child(ren)(incl in-laws)	
	5 other relative(s)	
	6 non-relative(s)	
	7 unspecified	

Variable	piw2: from whom inheritance/gift received 2	
File	Household	
Definition	The individual(s) from whom the 2nd inheritance or substantial gift was received.	
Comments	-	
Values	1 grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)	
	2 parent(s)(incl in-laws)	
	3 sibling(s)(incl in-laws)	
	4 child(ren)(incl in-laws)	
	5 other relative(s)	
	6 non-relative(s)	
	7 unspecified	

Variable	piw3: from whom inheritance/gift received 3
File	Household
Definition	The individual(s) from whom the 3rd inheritance or substantial gift was received.
Comments	-

Values 1 grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)

2 parent(s)(incl in-laws)
3 sibling(s)(incl in-laws)
4 child(ren)(incl in-laws)
5 other relative(s)
6 non-relative(s)
7 unspecified

Variable	piw4: from whom inheritance/gift received 4	
File	Household	
Definition	The individual(s) from whom the 4th inheritance or substantial gift was received.	
Comments	-	
Values	1 grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)	
	2 parent(s)(incl in-laws)	
	3 sibling(s)(incl in-laws)	
	4 child(ren)(incl in-laws)	
	5 other relative(s)	
	6 non-relative(s)	
	7 unspecified	

Variable	pim1: household member who received inheritance/gift 1
File	Household
Definition	The household member who received the 1st inheritance or substantial gift.
Comments	-
Values	10 head of household
	20 spouse
	30 others
	31 head's child(ren)(incl in-laws)
	32 head's grandchild(ren)(incl in-laws)
	33 head's parent(s)/grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)
	34 head's sibling(s)(incl in-laws)
	35 other relative(s) of head
	36 non-relative(s)
	40 unspecified

Variable	pim2: household member who received inheritance/gift 2
File	Household
Definition	The household member who received the 2nd inheritance or substantial gift.
Comments	-
Values	10 head of household
	20 spouse
	30 others

31 head's child(ren)(incl in-laws)
32 head's grandchild(ren)(incl in-law

32 head's grandchild(ren)(incl in-laws)
33 head's parent(s)/grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)

34 head's sibling(s)(incl in-laws)
35 other relative(s) of head

36 non-relative(s)
40 unspecified

Variable	pim3: household member who received inheritance/gift 3
File	Household
Definition	The household member who received the 3rd inheritance or substantial gift.
Comments	-

Values 10 head of household

20 spouse 30 others

31 head's child(ren)(incl in-laws)32 head's grandchild(ren)(incl in-laws)

33 head's parent(s)/grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)

34 head's sibling(s)(incl in-laws)35 other relative(s) of head

36 non-relative(s) 40 unspecified

Variable	pim4: household member who received inheritance/gift 4
File	Household

Definition	The household member who received the 4th inheritance or substantial gift.
Comments	-
Values	10 head of household
	20 spouse
	30 others
	31 head's child(ren)(incl in-laws)
	32 head's grandchild(ren)(incl in-laws)
	33 head's parent(s)/grandparent(s)(incl in-laws)
	34 head's sibling(s)(incl in-laws)
	35 other relative(s) of head
	36 non-relative(s)
	40 unspecified

Variable	ssyc: years of contributions to social security system
File	Person
Definition	Total years of contribution to the social security pension system without an account balance.
Comments	This refers to Pay-As-You-Go (PAYG) systems, except for the Notional Defined Contribution/Benefit (NDC/NDB) plans which are included in the HASSDC / HASSDB variables with the value of the virtual current account. It
	includes also assimilated periods, if available.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	bus1_c: business indicator/type of business 1
File	Household
Definition	Information on whether or not a respondent/household is the owner (or partial owner) of a business. It could also provide the information on whether or not a member of the household has an active role in it as well as the legal form of business (if a member of the household has an active role in it).
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bus2_c: business indicator/type of business 2
File	Household
Definition	Information on whether or not a respondent/household is the owner (or partial owner) of a business. It could also provide the information on whether or not a member of the household has an active role in it as well as the legal form of business (if a member of the household has an active role in it).
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bus3_c: business indicator/type of business 3
File	Household
Definition	Information on whether or not a respondent/household is the owner (or partial owner) of a business. It could also provide the information on whether or not a member of the household has an active role in it as well as the legal form of business (if a member of the household has an active role in it).
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	basb: savings behaviour
File	Person
Definition	Indication of whether or not a household member saves during the income reference year based on all sources of their income (i.e. employment income, rent, income from capital, social security income, private transfers, etc.).
Comments	If only household level information is available from the survey, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the household.

Values 10 does not save

11 does not save: expenses exceed income

12 does not save: expenses about the same as income

20 saves

Variable	basp1: savings purpose 1
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether a primary home purchase in the future is a saving motive for the household member(s).
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving priority.
Values	0 not saving for home purchase
	1 saving for home purchase

Variable	basp2: savings purpose 2
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for some major purchases in the
	future, such as a second residence, car, etc.
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if
	they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the
	household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving
	priority.
Values	0 not saving for other major purchases
	1 saving for other major purchases

Variable	basp3: savings purpose 3
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for financial investments, including business investments.
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving priority.
Values	0 not saving for financial investments (including business) 1 saving for financial investments (including business)

Variable	basp4: savings purpose 4
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for old-age provision(s).
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving priority.
Values	0 not saving for old-age provisions 1 saving for old-age provisions

Variable	basp5: savings purpose 5
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for paying debts.
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving priority.
Values	0 not saving for paying debts 1 saving for paying debts

Variable	basp6: savings purpose 6
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for unexpected events.

Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if
	they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the
	household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving
	priority.
Values	0 not saving for unexpected events
	1 saving for unexpected events

Variable	basp7: savings purpose 7
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for recreation/travel.
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if
	they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the
	household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving
	priority.
Values	O not saving for recreation and travel
	1 saving for recreation and travel

Variable	basp8: savings purpose 8
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether or not a household member(s) considers saving money for expenses related to the education
	of household members and/or other relatives (e.g. grandchildren).
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if
	they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the
	household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving
	priority.
Values	0 not saving for education
	1 saving for education

Variable	basp9: savings purpose 9
File	Person
Definition	Record of whether a household member(s) considers saving money for any other foreseeable major expenses in
	the future that are not listed in variables BASP1/8.
Comments	If reasons for savings are available in the survey, then this variable records them for each household member; if
	they are reported for the entire household, then the information is coded only for a reference person in the
	household. Please note that the saving purpose recorded in this variable is not necessarily the first saving
	priority.
Values	0 not saving for other purposes
	1 saving for other purposes

Variable	bafr1_c: financial risk taking 1
File	Person
Definition	Investment strategies that the household member is willing to take with respect to the exposure to risk of losing capital; it can also contain the information about the preferences in terms of risk and return on financial investments.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafr2_c: financial risk taking 2
File	Person
Definition	Investment strategies that the household member is willing to take with respect to the exposure to risk of losing capital; it can also contain the information about the preferences in terms of risk and return on financial investments.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafr3_c: financial risk taking 3
File	Person

Definition	Investment strategies that the household member is willing to take with respect to the exposure to risk of losing capital; it can also contain the information about the preferences in terms of risk and return on financial investments.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafp1_c: financial planning 1
File	Person
Definition	How far the household members look into the future for their financial planning (e.g. the time period that is important for household savings and spending) or how in details the household members organise their financial planning.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafp2_c: financial planning 2
File	Person
Definition	How far the household members look into the future for their financial planning (e.g. the time period that is important for household savings and spending) or how in details the household members organise their financial planning.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafl1_c: financial literacy 1
File	Person
Definition	Financial literacy of each household member. The topics covered can include the basic financial literacy
	(numeracy, money illusion, time value of money, information about the understanding of interest rates, compounding, discounting, etc.) as well as topics related to more advanced financial knowledge (the difference between stocks and bonds, the function of the stock market, the working of risk diversification, the relationship between bond prices and interest rates, etc.). The financial literacy could be measured in the objective and/or subjective manner.
Comments	In some datasets, the financial literacy is available only for respondent/household's head.
Values	Country-specific values

 Variable
 bafl2\_c: financial literacy 2

 File
 Person

 Definition
 Financial literacy of each household member. The topics covered can include the basic financial literacy (numeracy, money illusion, time value of money, information about the understanding of interest rates, compounding, discounting, etc.) as well as topics related to more advanced financial knowledge (the difference between stocks and bonds, the function of the stock market, the working of risk diversification, the relationship between bond prices and interest rates, etc.). The financial literacy could be measured in the objective and/or subjective manner.

 Comments
 In some datasets, the financial literacy is available only for respondent/household's head.

 Values
 Country-specific values

Variable	bafl3_c: financial literacy 3
File	Person
Definition	Financial literacy of each household member. The topics covered can include the basic financial literacy
	(numeracy, money illusion, time value of money, information about the understanding of interest rates, compounding, discounting, etc.) as well as topics related to more advanced financial knowledge (the difference between stocks and bonds, the function of the stock market, the working of risk diversification, the relationship between bond prices and interest rates, etc.). The financial literacy could be measured in the objective and/or subjective manner.
Comments	In some datasets, the financial literacy is available only for respondent/household's head.
Values	Country-specific values

Variable	bafl4_c: financial literacy 4
File	Person

Definition	Financial literacy of each household member. The topics covered can include the basic financial literacy
	(numeracy, money illusion, time value of money, information about the understanding of interest rates, compounding, discounting, etc.) as well as topics related to more advanced financial knowledge (the difference
	between stocks and bonds, the function of the stock market, the working of risk diversification, the relationship
	between bond prices and interest rates, etc.). The financial literacy could be measured in the objective and/or
	subjective manner.
Comments	In some datasets, the financial literacy is available only for respondent/household's head.
Values	Country-specific values

Variable	bafi1_c: financial information 1
File	Person
Definition	Sources of information household members use to make decisions about borrowing/credit and investments.
	The main sources of information are categorised as follows: professional, mass media (excluding internet),
	internet, advertisement, and relative/friends.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafi2_c: financial information 2
File	Person
Definition	Sources of information household members use to make decisions about borrowing/credit and investments.
	The main sources of information are categorised as follows: professional, mass media (excluding internet),
	internet, advertisement, and relative/friends.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafi3_c: financial information 3
File	Person
Definition	Sources of information household members use to make decisions about borrowing/credit and investments.  The main sources of information are categorised as follows: professional, mass media (excluding internet), internet, advertisement, and relative/friends.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafi4_c: financial information 4
File	Person
Definition	Sources of information household members use to make decisions about borrowing/credit and investments.  The main sources of information are categorised as follows: professional, mass media (excluding internet), internet, advertisement, and relative/friends.
Comments	-

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bafi5_c: financial information 5
File	Person
Definition	Sources of information household members use to make decisions about borrowing/credit and investments.
	The main sources of information are categorised as follows: professional, mass media (excluding internet),
	internet, advertisement, and relative/friends.
Comments	-

Country-specific values Values

Variable	bopc: possession of credit cards (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Indication of whether a household has credit cards (including store credit cards) or not. Debit cards are
	excluded.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values 0 does not have credit cards

1 has credit cards

Variable	bonc_c: number of credit cards
File	Household
Definition	Total number of credit cards (including store credit cards) the household members possess. Debit cards are excluded.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.
Values	Country-specific values

Variable	boue: amount needed to cover unexpected expenses
File	Household
Definition	Information about how much money a household thinks is needed to put aside in order to cover or prepare for
	unexpected events.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Variable	boea: ability to get emergency financial aid (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Indication of whether or not household members could rely on friends or relatives to get emergency financial
	support.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.
Values	0 not able to get emergency financial aid

Values 0 not able to get emergency financial aid 1 able to get emergency financial aid

Variable	bolc: loan consolidation (dummy)
File	Household
Definition	Indication of whether or not household members consolidated their loans in the reference year of the survey.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.
Malaa	0.451.51.55.55.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.

Values 0 did not consolidate loan(s) 1 consolidated loan(s)

Variable	bocc1_c: objective credit constraints 1
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's access to finance, specifically the objective measure that captures information on the recent application for a loan and whether or not the household was turned down for the loan. Additionally, this variable might contain information about the purposes of loans for which the household applied.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bocc2_c: objective credit constraints 2
File	Household
Definition	Information on a household's access to finance, specifically the objective measure that would ideally record the information on the re-application for a loan for the same purpose and whether or not it was rejected.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bocs_c: subjective credit constraints
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's access to finance, specifically the subjective measure is taken into account. This measure of obstacle to finance provides information on households' decision not to apply for a loan because of the fear of rejection. Additionally, this variable could capture the reasons why the household fears rejection.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	bocd1_c: constraints in debt repayment 1
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's constraints to repay any kind of debt (e.g. mortgage(s), consumer loans, credit cards, etc.). This measure of obstacle to debt repayment could also provide information on households' delays in repayments. Additionally, this variable could capture whether household reached the repayments resolutions with creditors to repay debts or declared bankruptcy. The time period for which constraints in debt repayment is available depends on how questions are asked in the original surveys.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.
Values	Country-specific values

Country-specific values

Variable	bocd2_c: constraints in debt repayment 2
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's constraints to repay any kind of debt (e.g. mortgage(s), consumer loans, credit cards, etc.). This measure of obstacle to debt repayment could also provide information on households' delays in repayments. Additionally, this variable could capture whether household reached the repayments resolutions with creditors to repay debts or declared bankruptcy. The time period for which constraints in debt repayment is available depends on how questions are asked in the original surveys.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	boef_c: expectations about household finances
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's expectations about their finances, specifically the subjective measure whether the household financial situation will change or stay the same in the future. The time period for which constraints in debt repayment is available depends on how questions are asked in the original surveys.
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.
M-1	Construction of the state of th

Values Country-specific values

Variable	boee1_c: expectations about the economy 1
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's expectations about the performance of economy as a whole or in terms of price
	expectations, inflation expectations, etc. These variables usually record short- and long-term expectations (e.g.
	1 year and 5 years' expectations).
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	boee2_c: expectations about the economy 2
File	Household
Definition	Information on household's expectations about the performance of economy as a whole or in terms of price expectations, inflation expectations, etc. These variables usually record short- and long-term expectations (e.g. 1 year and 5 years' expectations).
Comments	This variable is recorded only at the household level.

Values Country-specific values

Variable	hitotal: total income, household
File	Household
Definition	Sum of cash and non-cash income from labour, income from capital, income from pensions (including both public and private pensions) and non-pension public social benefits stemming from insurance, universal or assistance schemes (including in-kind social assistance transfers), as well as cash and non-cash private transfers.

## Comments

This variable is always constructed according to the following formula: hitotal = hilabour + hicapital + hipension + hipubsoc + hiprivate.

This includes all recurrent payments at annual or more frequent intervals, that are available for current consumption and that do not reduce the net worth of the household.

Depending on data availability, non-monetary goods and services received may be insufficiently captured. This variable excludes two important non-cash incomes:

- Non-cash incomes from capital: These refer to the imputed value of the service of durable goods owned by the household, including the dwelling and other durables such as cars. As important as these incomes may be, they are rarely available in the income microdata and, when available, they are calculated with widely varying methodologies. For these reasons, they are excluded from DHI. Users wishing to include them can do so with the use of the LIS microdata.
- Non-cash universal transfers from government: These refer to government-provided services that benefit individuals, but are provided with the primary objective of meeting the general needs of the overall population, rather than that of assisting the poor. Specifically, we do not include non-cash transfers in the areas of housing, care (including child care), education, or health. These transfers are very hard to evaluate at the individual level and thus are typically only available at the macro-level. Thus, the value of these transfers is also excluded from DHI and, these non-cash incomes are not available in the LIS microdata.

Although we state above that we include non-monetary social assistance transfers, note that this does not mean that all non-cash means-tested public benefits are included in DHI. We exclude means-tested public benefits in cases where they form a portion of a system in which benefits are granted to the whole population (poor and non-poor), although using different tools and programs. For example, in the case of health insurance in the U.S., we have excluded benefits received through the Medicaid program (which provides health insurance to low-income Americans) because most persons who do not receive Medicaid are subsidized either through the U.S. tax system – if employed – or through Medicare (the social insurance program for the elderly and persons with disabilities).

Values

Continuous variable

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hvalgs: value of goods and services, household
Household
Total value of goods and services received from labour and social or private transfers, excluding social transfers in kind such as universal health insurance, universal education benefits, and near cash benefits from public housing.
This variable is always constructed according to the following formula: hvalgs = hi13 + hi14 + hi47 + hi53.
Depending on data availability, non-monetary goods and services received may be insufficiently captured. This variable excludes two important non-cash incomes:  - Non-cash incomes from capital: These refer to the imputed value of the service of durable goods owned by th household, including the dwelling and other durables such as cars. As important as these incomes may be, they are rarely available in the income microdata and, when available, they are calculated with widely varying methodologies. For these reasons, they are excluded from DHI. Users wishing to include them can do so with the use of the LIS microdata.  - Non-cash universal transfers from government: These refer to government-provided services that benefit individuals, but are provided with the primary objective of meeting the general needs of the overall population rather than that of assisting the poor. Specifically, we do not include non-cash transfers in the areas of housing care (including child care), education, or health. These transfers are very hard to evaluate at the individual leve and thus are typically only available at the macro-level. Thus, the value of these transfers is also excluded from DHI and, these non-cash incomes are not available in the LIS microdata.  Although we state above that we include non-monetary social assistance transfers, note that this does not mean that all non-cash means-tested public benefits are included in DHI. We exclude means-tested public benefits in cases where they form a portion of a system in which benefits are granted to the whole population (poor and non-poor), although using different tools and programs. For example, in the case of health insurance in the U.S., we have excluded benefits received through the Medicaid program (which provides health insurance in the U.S., we have excluded benefits received through the Medicaid program (which provides health insurance in the U.S. tax system – if employed – or through Medicare (the social insurance program for the elderly and persons with disabilities

Variable	dhci: disposable household cash income, household
File	Household
Definition	Sum of cash and non-cash income from labour, income from capital, income from pensions (including both public and private pensions) and other public social benefits stemming from insurance, universal or assistance schemes (including in-kind social assistance transfers), as well as cash and non-cash private transfers, less the amount of income taxes and social contributions paid.
Comments	This variable is always constructed according to the following formula: dhci = dpi (= hitotal - hxitsc) - hvalgs.  This includes all recurrent payments at annual or more frequent intervals, that are available for current consumption and that do not reduce the net worth of the household.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hifactor: factor income, household
File	Household
Definition	Sum of cash and non-cash income from labour and income from capital.
Comments	This variable is always constructed according to the following formula: hifactor = hilabour + hicapital.

Variable	hitransfer: transfer income, household
File	Household

Definition	Sum of total pensions (including public and private pensions) and non-pension public social benefits stemming
	from insurance, universal or assistance schemes (including in-kind social assistance transfers), as well as cash
	and non-cash private transfers.
Comments	This variable is always constructed according to the following formula: hitransfer = hipension + hipubsoc +
	hiprivate.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hpublic: public transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash social security transfers (including public pensions and other social benefits stemming from insurance,
	universal or assistance schemes), and in-kind social assistance transfers.
Comments	This variable is conceptually equal to hi31 + hi32 + hipubsoc, but may differ from that formula in case public and
	private pensions were not separable in the original data.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hpub_i: insurance transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Transfers from the public social security insurance system and/or from private insurers through mandatory schemes, which cover mainly the active population.
	This includes public contributory pensions and non-pension public social benefits stemming from insurance schemes.
Comments	Are included all social insurance schemes that cover mainly the active population; however sometimes is possible for non-active people to join (voluntary) a system, for ex. the housewives to pay pension contributions. The eligibility to these schemes is based on the existence of an insurance relationship and most of the time a minimum period of contributions is required.  The social insurance schemes that are covering mainly the non-active population or are aimed at covering the entire resident population are recorded in universal benefits.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	ppub_i: insurance transfers, person
File	Person
Definition	Transfers from the public social security insurance system and/or from private insurers through mandatory schemes, which cover mainly the active population.
	This includes public contributory pensions and non-pension public social benefits stemming from insurance schemes.
Comments	Are included all social insurance schemes that cover mainly the active population; however sometimes is possible for non-active people to join (voluntary) a system, for ex. the housewives to pay pension contributions. The eligibility to these schemes is based on the existence of an insurance relationship and most of the time a minimum period of contributions is required.  The social insurance schemes that are covering mainly the non-active population or are aimed at covering the entire resident population are recorded in universal benefits.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hpub_u: universal transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Transfers from public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population and are not based on insurance schemes or existence or income or assets thresholds.  Are also included social insurance schemes that cover mainly the non-active population and those which are aimed at covering the entire resident population. It includes also veteran pensions if they are non-insurance based.  This includes public universal pensions and non-pension public social benefits stemming from universal schemes.  Excludes social security universal transfers in kind.
Comments	The eligibility criteria for universal benefits may also contain an income/asset test in case the test only reduces the amount of benefit received, or prevents the eligibility only for people at the upper end of the income distribution; otherwise, if the income test prevents the access for an 'average earner' as well, it will be considered an assistance benefit.

Variable	hpub_a: assistance transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash transfers and value of goods and services received from the state through social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.  This includes public assistance pensions and non-pension public social benefits stemming from assitance schemes.
Comments	Eligibility is typically limited through strict income, or asset tests (means-tests), but a programme can also target a poor area, without individual means tests. In certain cases can be also an activation conditions (minimum hours worked in social programmes for example) in order to receive the benefit.

Variable	pitotal: total individual income, person
File	Person
Definition	Sum of cash and non-cash income from labour (including wage income, self-employment income and fringe benefits, but excluding own consumption), income from pensions (including both public and private pensions) and non-pension public social benefits whose eligibility is base don individual rather than household characteristics (namely wage replacement benefits, such as maternity and parental leave benefits, unemployment benefits, sickness and work injury benefits, and disability benefits), as well as private scholarships.
Comments	Note that this variable is conceptually equal to pilabour + pipension + pi411 + pi42 + pi43 + pi44 + pi511, but may differ from that formula in case some of the incomes not available with such detail at the individual level in the original data.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hcexp: consumption expenditure, household
File	Household
Definition	Total consumption, including that stemming from goods and services that have been purchased by the household, and goods ans services that have not been purchased, but either given to the household from somebody else, or self-produced.  Excludes imputed rent.
Comments	Corresponds to all 12 categories of goods and services of the COICOP classification with the exception of imputed rent which is included according to COICOP and excluded from this variable.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hctotal: total consumption (COICOP), household
File	Household
Definition	-
Comments	_

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hhouscost: housing costs, household
File	Household
Definition	Total housing cost effectively incurred by the household, including the actual rent, the utilities, the mortgage repayment (both the capital and interest) and the property taxes.
Comments	The variable conceptually corresponds to the sum of variables hc4, hxmort and hxptax. However, it is only provided is at least actual rent and mortgage repayment are available, and is hence not necessarily

Values Continuous variable

Household Disposable net worth of the household is the sum of non-financial and financial assets, excluding pension assets
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and other long-term savings, minus the value of the total liabilities. The formula to calculate disposable net worth from the household balance sheet variables is DNW = (HAN+HAF)–HL.
See definitions of assets and liabilities for further clarification.

assets and social security pension entitlements, minus the value of the total liabilities. In other words, it is disposable net worth of the household, enlarged by the value of the life insurance and voluntary individual pensions. The formula to calculate adjusted disposable net worth from the household balance sheet variate is ANW = (HAN+HAF+HASI) –HL.	Variable	anw: adjusted disposable net worth
assets and social security pension entitlements, minus the value of the total liabilities. In other words, it is disposable net worth of the household, enlarged by the value of the life insurance and voluntary individual pensions. The formula to calculate adjusted disposable net worth from the household balance sheet variate is ANW = (HAN+HAF+HASI) –HL.	File	Household
Comments See definitions of assets and liabilities for further clarification.	Definition	disposable net worth of the household, enlarged by the value of the life insurance and voluntary individual pensions. The formula to calculate adjusted disposable net worth from the household balance sheet variables
	Comments	See definitions of assets and liabilities for further clarification.

Variable	inw: integrated disposable net worth
File	Household
Definition	Integrated net worth adds the values of occupational or social security pension assets to either disposable net worth or adjusted disposable net worth, depending on the availability of collected data as well as country institutional settings for pension assets. In other words, the integrated net worth usually adds to adjusted disposable net worth information on total value of occupational pensions (HASO) or its subcomponents, such as defined benefits occupational pensions (HASODB) and/or defined contribution occupational pensions (HASODC); in a very few instances, integrated net worth contains total value of pension assets and other long-term savings (HAS). In all cases, integrated net worth contains more information than disposable net worth as well as adjusted disposable net worth; in some cases, it is the same as total net worth. The formula to calculate integrated net worth is country-specific and available in the "Notes and Contents" section in METIS.
Comments	See definitions of assets and liabilities for further clarification. A special attention is required while using
<u> </u>	integrated net worth (INW) for conducting cross-country comparative research.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	tnw: total net worth
File	Household
Definition	Total net worth of the household is the difference between total assets and total debt. The formula to calculate
	total net worth from the household balance sheet variables is TNW = HA–HL.
Comments	This variable is not always available due to the difficulty of estimating the value of pension assets, especially those which are not based on accounts. See also definitions of assets and debt for further clarification.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hilabour: labour income, household
File	Household
Definition	Total income from labour of all household members, including cash payments and value of goods and services
	received from dependent employment, profits/losses and value of goods from self-employment, as well as the
	value of own consumption.
Comments	This variable is constructed according to the following formula: hilabour = hi11 + hi12 + hi13 + hi14 + amounts that are directly placed at the level of hilabour. Are placed directly at the hilabour level labour incomes for which it could not be differentiated if they come from self-employment of dependent employment activities.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pilabour: labour income, person
File	Person
Definition	Total income from labour of all household members, including cash payments and value of goods and services received from dependent employment, profits/losses and value of goods from self-employment, as well as the value of own consumption.
Comments	This variable is constructed according to the following formula: pilabour = pi11 + pi12 + pi13 + amounts that are directly placed at the level of pilabour. Are placed directly at the pilabour level labour incomes for which could not be differentiated if they come from self-employment of dependent employment activities.

Variable	hi11: wage income, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary payments received from regular and irregular dependent employment. This includes cash wage and salary income (gross of social security contributions and income taxes) and monetary supplements to the basic wage, such as overtime pay, employer bonuses, 13th month bonus, profit-share, tips.
Comments	Conscript's pay is also included. Income of directors of own enterprise is also included. When employer-provided sick or maternity pay can not be separated, it is also included here.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pi11: wage income, person
File	Person
Definition	Monetary payments received from regular and irregular dependent employment. This includes cash wage and salary income (gross of social security contributions and income taxes) and monetary supplements to the basic wage, such as overtime pay, employer bonuses, 13th month bonus, profit-share, tips.
Comments	Conscript's pay is also included.
	When employer-provided sick or maternity pay can not be separated, it is also included here.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hi12: self-employment income, household
File	Household
Definition	Total income from self-employment, defined as profits/losses from self-employment activities, including farm
	and non-farm businesses.
Comments	Amounts are recorded gross of social insurance contributions and income taxes, but net of expenses.
	Self-employment income is often collected with a different reference period than other more regular incomes;
	for example, it could refer to the last financial year for which business accounts for the purposes of taxation
	were prepared.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi12: self-employment income, person
File	Person
Definition	Total income from self-employment, defined as profits/losses from self-employment activities, including farm and non-farm businesses.
Comments	Amounts are recorded gross of social insurance contributions and income taxes, but net of expenses.  Goods and services are recorded at their market value or government cost.  Self-employment income is often collected with a different reference period than other more regular incomes; for example, it could refer to the last financial year for which business accounts for the purposes of taxation were prepared.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi121: farm income, household
File	Household
Definition	Total income from farm self-employment, defined as profits/losses from farm self-employment activities.
Comments	Amounts are recorded gross of social insurance contributions and income taxes, but net of expenses.  Goods and services are recorded at their market value or government cost.  Self-employment income is often collected with a different reference period than other more regular incomes; for example, it could refer to the last financial year for which business accounts for the purposes of taxation were prepared.  Contents are restricted to agricultural activities, i.e. excluding forestry, fishing, hunting.

Variable	hi13: fringe benefits, household
File	Household
Definition	Value of goods and services received from regular and irregular dependent employment, such as the value of company cars, meals, housing, electricity, medical expenses, child care etc. paid or partly paid by the employer as substitute or supplement to the wage.
Comments	-
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pi13: fringe benefits, person
File	Person
Definition	Value of goods and services received from regular and irregular dependent employment, such as the value of company cars, meals, housing, electricity, medical expenses, child care etc. paid or partly paid by the employer as substitute or supplement to the wage.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi14: own consumption, household
File	Household
Definition	Value of home production of goods and services such as food and fuel for own consumption of the household.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hicapital: capital income, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash payments from property and capital (including financial and non-financial assets), including interest and dividends, rental income and royalties, and other capital income from investment in self-employment activity. Excludes capital gains, lottery winnings, inheritances, insurance settlements, and all other forms of one-off lump sum payments.  This variable is constructed according to the following formula: hicapital = hi21 + hi22 + amounts that are directly placed at the level of hicapital.
Comments	Non-cash income from capital (imputed value of the service of durable goods owned, such as the dwelling and other durables) are not considered as current income and hence not included among the income variables. Imputed rent is not considered as current income and hence not included in the income variables; if available in the original dataset, it is reported in LIS variable HRENTI.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi21: interest and dividends, household
File	Household
Definition	Interest received from assets including bank accounts, certificates of deposit, bonds and the like; and dividends.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi22: rental income, household
File	Household
Definition	Actual rentals from dwellings, business buildings, land, vehicles, equipment etc; and receipts from boarders and
	lodgers, net of operating costs.
Comments	Imputed rent is not considered as current income and hence not included in the income variables; if available in
	the original dataset, imputed rent is reported in LIS variable HRENTI.

Variable	hipension: pensions, household
File	Household

Definition	Total pension income from all pillars (private, occupational, public), all types (insurance, universal, assistance),
	all functions (old-age, disability, survivors).
	Includes voluntary individual pensions, mandatory individual pensions, occupational pensions, employment
	related public pensions, universal pensions and assistance pensions.
	This variable is constructed according to the following formula: hipension = hi31 + hi32 + hi33 + amounts that
	are directly placed at the level of hipension.
Comments	-

Variable	pipension: pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Total pension income from all pillars (private, occupational, public), all types (insurance, universal, assistance), all functions (old-age, disability, survivors).  Includes voluntary individual pensions, mandatory individual pensions, occupational pensions, employment related public pensions, universal pensions and assistance pensions.  This variable is constructed according to the following formula: pipension = pi31 + pi32 + pi33 + amounts that are directly placed at the level of pipension.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi31: public non-contributory pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Pensions and similar monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from non-contributory public programmes, including:  - universal programmes, aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets thresholds.  - social assistance programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.  It includes also veteran pensions if they are non-insurance based.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi31: public non-contributory pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Pensions and similar monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from non-contributory public programmes, including:  - universal programmes, aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets thresholds.  - social assistance programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.  It includes also veteran pensions if they are non-insurance based.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi311: universal pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Pensions and monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from the public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets thresholds.  Are also included social insurance schemes that cover mainly the non-active population and those which are aimed at covering the entire resident population. It includes also veteran pensions if they are non-insurance based.
Comments	The eligibility criteria for universal benefits may also contain an income/asset test in case the test only reduces the amount of benefit received, or prevents the eligibility only for people at the upper end of the income distribution; otherwise, if the income test prevents the access for an 'average earner' as well, it will be considered an assistance benefit.

Variable	pi311: universal pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Pensions and monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from the public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets thresholds.  Are also included social insurance schemes that cover mainly the non-active population and those which are aimed at covering the entire resident population. It includes also veteran pensions if they are non-insurance based.
Comments	The eligibility criteria for universal benefits may also contain an income/asset test in case the test only reduces the amount of benefit received, or prevents the eligibility only for people at the upper end of the income distribution; otherwise, if the income test prevents the access for an 'average earner' as well, it will be considered an assistance benefit.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hi312: assistance pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Pensions and similar monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, received from the state through
	social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi312: assistance pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Pensions and similar monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, received from the state through
	social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi32: public contributory pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Public contributory pensions, including:  - pensions and other monetary transfers for old-age, disability, and survivors, stemming from the main pension insurance system that covers mainly the active population. The main pension system can be the public one or the mandatory individual accounts one or a mixed between the two when the country's pension system is in transition from a PAYG system to mandatory accounts one, or even the occupational one if it represents the main pension scheme and is not just a supplementary pension to the main one;  - pensions and other monetary transfers for permanent full or partial disability or death caused by a work-injury or occupational disease from schemes specifically set up with the purpose of covering work-injury and occupational diseases.  Are included all social insurance schemes that cover mainly the active population; however sometimes is possible for (some categories of) inactive people to join (voluntary) the system.  Includes all benefits linked to a permanent/long-term exit from the labour market (even if not received for a long-term duration, such as in the case of one-time or short-duration benefits linked to the corresponding oldage, disability and survivors pension schemes).  Includes supplements to pensions.
Comments	The social insurance schemes that are covering mainly the non-active population and those which are aimed at covering the entire resident population are recorded in the universal benefits.  Some pension systems include a minimum pension in their contributory-based pension system; such pensions are considered as contributory pensions in the LIS incomes classification as persons become eligible to such a mnimum pension when they have accumulated sufficient years of a previous employment relationship.

Variable	pi32: public contributory pensions, person
File	Person

Definition	Public contributory pensions, including:
	- pensions and other monetary transfers for old-age, disability, and survivors, stemming from the main pension
	insurance system that covers mainly the active population. The main pension system can be the public one or
	the mandatory individual accounts one or a mixed between the two when the country's pension system is in
	transition from a PAYG system to mandatory accounts one, or even the occupational one if it represents the
	main pension scheme and is not just a supplementary pension to the main one;
	- pensions and other monetary transfers for permanent full or partial disability or death caused by a work-injury
	or occupational disease from schemes specifically set up with the purpose of covering work-injury and occupational diseases.
	Are included all social insurance schemes that cover mainly the active population; however sometimes is possible for (some categories of) inactive people to join (voluntary) the system.
	Includes all benefits linked to a permanent/long-term exit from the labour market (even if not received for a
	long-term duration, such as in the case of one-time or short-duration benefits linked to the corresponding old-
	age, disability and survivors pension schemes).
	Includes supplements to pensions.
Comments	The social insurance schemes that are covering mainly the non-active population and those which are aimed at
	covering the entire resident population are recorded in the universal benefits.
	Some pension systems include a minimum pension in their contributory-based pension system; such pensions
	are considered as contributory pensions in the LIS incomes classification as persons become eligible to such a
	mnimum pension when they have accumulated sufficient years of a previous employment relationship.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hi33: private pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Private pensions including:
	- pensions and other monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from the employers or
	occupational organisations through occupational schemes that aim at supplementing the main pension scheme;
	- monetary payments from personal pension accounts not linked to employment, including annuities from life

Comments

insurance and other pension-like annuities.

Variable	pi33: private pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Private pensions including: - pensions and other monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from the employers or occupational organisations through occupational schemes that aim at supplementing the main pension scheme; - monetary payments from personal pension accounts not linked to employment, including annuities from life insurance and other pension-like annuities.
Comments	<u> </u>

Variable	hi331: occupational pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Pensions and other monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from the employers or occupational organisations through occupational schemes that aim at supplementing the main pension scheme. Includes also occupational pensions mandated by law or collective agreements (where the employer is required to offer such pension and the employee generally obliged to be affiliated). Includes also voluntary agreements between employers and employees. Includes also self-employment pension plans (or, more generally, personal pension plans) if they are designed to supplement social security (e.g. individual retirement accounts (IRAs)). Includes all benefits linked to a permanent/long-term exit from the labour market (even if not received for a long-term duration, such as in the case of one-time or short-duration benefits linked to the corresponding oldage, disability and survivors pension schemes). Includes supplements to pensions.

Comments	Pensions transfers from the employers or occupational organisations through occupational schemes that are
	not just supplementary, but offering a full pension (being in most cases the only one received) are in LIS
	structure under the public contributory pensions variable.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pi331: occupational pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Pensions and other monetary transfers for old-age, disability and survivors, stemming from the employers or occupational organisations through occupational schemes that aim at supplementing the main pension scheme. Includes also occupational pensions mandated by law or collective agreements (where the employer is required to offer such pension and the employee generally obliged to be affiliated). Includes also voluntary agreements between employers and employees. Includes also self-employment pension plans (or, more generally, personal pension plans) if they are designed to supplement social security (e.g. individual retirement accounts (IRAs)). Includes all benefits linked to a permanent/long-term exit from the labour market (even if not received for a long-term duration, such as in the case of one-time or short-duration benefits linked to the corresponding oldage, disability and survivors pension schemes). Includes supplements to pensions.
Comments	Pensions transfers from the employers or occupational organisations through occupational schemes that are not just supplementary, but offering a full pension (being in most cases the only one received) are in LIS structure under the public contributory pensions variable.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hi332: individual pensions, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary payments from personal pension accounts not linked to employment, including annuities from life
	insurance and other pension-like annuities.
Comments	-
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pi332: individual pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Monetary payments from personal pension accounts not linked to employment, including annuities from life
	insurance and other pension-like annuities.
Comments	-
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hipubsoc: public social benefits (excl. pensions), household
File	Household
Definition	Cash social security transfers (excluding public pensions) stemming from insurance, universal or assistance
	schemes, and in-kind social assistance transfers.
	This variable is constructed according to the following formula: hipubsoc = hi41 + hi42 + hi43 + hi44 + hi45 +
	hi46 + hi47 + amounts that are directly placed at the level of hipubsoc.
Comments	-
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hi41: family benefits, household
File	Household

Definition	Total family-related benefits, including:
	- wage replacement benefits from maternity, paternity, or parental leave insurance schemes;
	- monetary child or family allowance to households with dependent children, from public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population;
	- monetary family-related transfers, received from the state through social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need, including specific systems which are set up to relieve single parent households:
	<ul> <li>monetary transfers to a parent, guardian or foster parent to compensate for the time spent staying at home caring for dependent children, stemming from public programmes;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>public advance maintenance schemes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets thresholds, such transfers are paid by social security to compensate for unpaid alimony payments.</li> </ul>
Comments	Includes specific systems which are set up to relieve single parent households.

Variable	hi411: maternity and parental leave, household
File	Household
Definition	Wage replacement benefits from maternity, paternity, or parental leave insurance schemes. Includes maternity/paternity schemes, which compensate the insured person or his/her dependents for the loss of income due to absence from work during the last weeks of pregnancy and during maternity/paternity and in many cases adoption as well. Includes as well parental leave schemes, which compensate for the interruption of work or reduction of working hours (partial leave) in order to raise a child until a certain age (in some cases can be also fragmented or shared between parents).
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi411: maternity and parental leave, person
File	Person
Definition	Wage replacement benefits from maternity, paternity, or parental leave insurance schemes. Includes maternity/paternity schemes, which compensate the insured person or his/her dependents for the loss of income due to absence from work during the last weeks of pregnancy and during maternity/paternity and in many cases adoption as well. Includes as well parental leave schemes, which compensate for the interruption of work or reduction of working hours (partial leave) in order to raise a child until a certain age (in some cases can be also fragmented or shared between parents).
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi412: child allowance, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary child or family allowance to households with dependent children, from public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population or given through social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.  Includes also birth grants.
Comments	-

Variable	hi42: unemployment benefits, household
File	Household

Definition	Total unemployment benefits, including:
	- wage replacement benefits from the unemployment insurance aimed to compensate for the partial or total
	loss of labour income and to help the job seeker integrate the labour market;
	- cash benefits from unemployment public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a
	part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets
	thresholds; such transfers maintain or support the income in case of first-time job seekers or aim to integrate
	inactive persons into the labour market (active labour market policies);
	- cash benefits from unemployment social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.
Comments	Includes full or partial unemployment insurance benefits, technical unemployment, seasonal unemployment,
	vocational training benefits, relocation benefits, and other benefits from unemployment insurance, job
	rotation/job sharing, training programmes, start-up grants, wage subsidies, and public works programmes.
\/alues	Continuous variable

Variable	pi42: unemployment benefits, person
File	Person
Definition	Total unemployment benefits, including:  - wage replacement benefits from the unemployment insurance aimed to compensate for the partial or total loss of labour income and to help the job seeker integrate the labour market;  - cash benefits from unemployment public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population selected based on other criteria than previous employment existence or income or assets thresholds; such transfers maintain or support the income in case of first-time job seekers or aim to integrate inactive persons into the labour market (active labour market policies);  - cash benefits from unemployment social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.
Comments	Includes full or partial unemployment insurance benefits, technical unemployment, seasonal unemployment, vocational training benefits, relocation benefits, and other benefits from unemployment insurance, job rotation/job sharing, training programmes, start-up grants, wage subsidies, and public works programmes.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi421: unemployment insurance, household
File	Household
Definition	Wage replacement benefits from the unemployment insurance aimed to compensate for the partial or total loss of labour income and to help the job seeker integrate the labour market.  Includes full or partial unemployment insurance benefits, technical unemployment, seasonal unemployment, vocational training benefits, relocation benefits, and other benefits from unemployment insurance. Excludes unemployment assistance benefits, unemployment universal benefits (ex. first time job-seekers), redundancy compensation, and early retirement due to long-term unemployment (which is included in pensions).
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi421: unemployment insurance, person
File	Person
Definition	Wage replacement benefits from the unemployment insurance aimed to compensate for the partial or total loss of labour income and to help the job seeker integrate the labour market.  Includes full or partial unemployment insurance benefits, technical unemployment, seasonal unemployment, vocational training benefits, relocation benefits, and other benefits from unemployment insurance. Excludes unemployment assistance benefits, unemployment universal benefits (ex. first time job-seekers), redundancy compensation, and early retirement due to long-term unemployment (which is included in pensions).
Comments	-

Variable	hi422: unemployment assistance, household
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File	Household
Definition	Cash benefits from unemployment social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need. Such means-tested transfers cover income poor unemployed persons.
Comments	Frequently such systems cover unemployed persons who have exceeded their eligibility to insurance-based transfers.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pi422: unemployment assistance, person
File	Person
Definition	Cash benefits from unemployment social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.  Such means-tested transfers cover income poor unemployed persons.
Comments	Frequently such systems cover unemployed persons who have exceeded their eligibility to insurance-based transfers.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hi43: sickness and work injury pay, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash benefits from sickness and work-injury insurance schemes that cover mainly the active population. Such transfers replace or supplement employment income during periods of temporary interruptions (or reductions) of employment caused by temporary inability to work due to sickness or injury, or cover the additional costs incurred in such circumstances (e.g. rehabilitation benefits).  These systems can be either organised in autonomous social protection schemes or by the employer in the form of continued payment of wages and salaries during the period of sickness. Includes also rehabilitation benefits provided during the period of temporary leave.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi43: sickness and work injury pay, person
File	Person
Definition	Cash benefits from sickness and work-injury insurance schemes that cover mainly the active population.  Such transfers replace or supplement employment income during periods of temporary interruptions (or reductions) of employment caused by temporary inability to work due to sickness or injury, or cover the additional costs incurred in such circumstances (e.g. rehabilitation benefits).  These systems can be either organised in autonomous social protection schemes or by the employer in the form of continued payment of wages and salaries during the period of sickness. Includes also rehabilitation benefits provided during the period of temporary leave.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi44: disability benefits, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary disability-related transfers from public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population.  Such transfers cover people in connection with disability, sickness or injury.  Includes care allowances for disabled persons who need frequent or constant assistance to help them meet the extra costs of attendance (other than medical care).  Includes also other periodic payments not falling under the above headings, such as occasional income support, allowances for intensive care, special bonuses or allowances for tuberculosis patients, etc.
Comments	-

Variable	pi44: disability benefits, person
File	Person

Definition	Monetary disability-related transfers from public programmes, which are aimed at covering the whole population or a part of the population.  Such transfers cover people in connection with disability, sickness or injury.  Includes care allowances for disabled persons who need frequent or constant assistance to help them meet the extra costs of attendance (other than medical care).  Includes also other periodic payments not falling under the above headings, such as occasional income support,
	allowances for intensive care, special bonuses or allowances for tuberculosis patients, etc.
Comments	-

Variable	hi45: general asssistance, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary transfers from minimum income guarantee systems/last resort systems, received from the state through social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.
	Such means-tested systems are meant to provide a minimum subsistence level, covering frequently the totality of the population.
	Includes in-work benefits paid to those in low-paid jobs in order to raise disposable income without creating disincentives to work.
	Excludes mimimum protection schemes which are covering only specific groups of the population such as the elderly, disabled, dependents of a deceased, or families.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi46: housing benefits, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary housing-related transfers, received from the state through social programmes targeted towards individuals or households in need.  Such means-tested programmes are meant to cover the cost of housing.  Includes means-tested near-cash transfers granted by a public authority to tenants, to cover temporarily or on a long-term basis the cost of rent.  Includes means-tested near-cash transfers by a public authority to owner-occupiers, to cover their current housing costs; frequently by temporarily paying mortgages and/or interest.
	Excludes tax subsidies and/or national price subsidies.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi47: public in-kind benefits, household
File	Household
Definition	Value of goods and services received from the state through social programmes targeted to individuals or
	households in need, including, programmes aimed at helping cover the educational, housing, heating, food,
	medical and other specific needs of needy individuals or families.
Comments	Eligibility is typically limited through strict income, or asset tests (means-tests), but a programme can also target
	a poor area, without individual means tests. In certain cases can be also an activation conditions (minimum
	hours worked in social programmes for example) in order to receive the benefit.
	Does not include non-monetary universal transfers from government, i.e. government-provided services that
	benefit individuals, but are provided with the primary objective of meeting the general needs of the overall
	population, rather than that of assisting the poor. Specifically, are excluded non-monetary universal transfers in
	the areas of housing, care (including child care), education, or health. These transfers are very hard to evaluate
	at the individual level and thus are typically only available at the macro-level. Thus, the value of these transfers
	is also excluded from DHI and, these non-monetary incomes are not available in the LIS microdata.

Variable	hi471: food benefits, household
File	Household

Definition	Value of food-related goods and services received from the state through food assistance programmes targeted
	towards households or individuals in need.
	Such means-tested programmes are meant to cover the cost of food.
	Includes the value of free school meals, and any other free food product.
Comments	Amounts are recorded at their market value or government cost.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hiprivate: private transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash transfers and value of in-kind goods and services of a private nature that do not involve any institutional arrangement between the individual and the government or the employer.  Includes transfers provided by non-profit institutions, other private persons/households, and other bodies in the case of merit-based education transfers.  This variable is constructed according to the following formula: hiprivate = hi51 + hi52 + hi53 + amounts that are directly placed at the level of hiprivate.
Comments	

Variable	hi51: cash transfers from private institutions, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash transfers of a private nature that do not involve any institutional arrangement between the individual and the government or the employer.  Includes transfers provided by non-profit institutions and other bodies in the case of merit-based education transfers.
Comments	Ideally this variable should include only regular transfers received on a regular basis.
Values	Continuous variable

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi511: scholarships, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash transfers from merit-based grants and scholarships.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pi511: scholarships, person
File	Person
Definition	Cash transfers from merit-based grants and scholarships.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi52: inter-household cash transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash transfers from other private persons/households.
Comments	Ideally this variable should include only regular transfers received on a regular basis.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hi521: alimony and child support, household
File	Household
Definition	Alimony and/or child support transfers from other private persons/households.
Comments	Ideally this variable should include only regular transfers, and goods and services received on a regular basis.

Variable	hi522: remittances, household
File	Household
Definition	Cash transfers from temporarily absent household members.

Comments	Ideally this variable should include only regular transfers, and goods and services received on a regular basis.
	including the contract of the
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hi53: private in-kind transfers, household
File	Household
Definition	Value of goods and services of a private nature that do not involve any institutional arrangement between the
	individual and the government or the employer.
	Includes the value of goods and services provided by non-profit institutions, other private persons/households,
	and other bodies in the case of merit-based education transfers.
Comments	-
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hi531: in-kind transfers from private institutions, household
File	Household
Definition	Value of goods and services provided by non-profit institutions, including:
	- value of goods and services from merit-based grants and scholarships;
	- value of goods and services from non-governmental organisation, trade unions, employer associations, and
Camania	other private non-profit organisations.
Comments	Ideally this variable should include only goods and services received on a regular basis.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hi532: in-kind transfers from other households, household
File	Household
Definition	Value of goods and services from other private persons/households.
Comments	Ideally this variable should include only goods and services received on a regular basis.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hxitsc: income taxes and contributions, household
File	Household
Definition	Income taxes and social security contributions paid.
Comments Values	Continuous variable
values	Continuous variable
Variable	pxitsc: income taxes and contributions, person
File	Person
Definition	Income taxes and social security contributions paid.
Comments	
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hxitax: income taxes, household
File	Household
Definition	Expenditure on income taxes, defined here as compulsory payments to the Government based on current
	income earned.
	Includes both the amount withheld at source and the amount directly paid at the moment of the tax
C	adjustment.
Comments	In case of a tax refund, the amount is reported as a negative tax.  This variable includes only taxes on current income (as defined by LIS), and hence excludes direct taxes on
	windfall incomes (such as profits and capital gains, inheritances, etc.).
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	pxitax: income taxes, person
File	Person

Definition	Income taxes, defined here as compulsory payments to the Government based on current income earned. Includes both the amount withheld at source and the amount directly paid at the moment of the tax adjustment.
Comments	In case of a tax refund, the amount is reported as a negative tax.
	This variable includes only taxes on current income (as defined by LIS), and hence excludes direct taxes on
	windfall incomes (such as profits and capital gains, inheritances, etc.).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hxscont: social security contributions, household
File	Household
Definition	Payroll taxes from wage and salary workers for first and second pillars of social insurance: social security, health plans, unemployment insurance, etc.
Comments	Includes also the employee's contribution which is paid, as a way of social assistance, by the employer.

Variable	pxscont: social security contributions, person
File	Person
Definition	Payroll taxes from wage and salary workers for first and second pillars of social insurance: social security, health plans, unemployment insurance, etc.
Comments	Includes also the employee's contribution which is paid, as a way of social assistance, by the employer.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxotax: other direct taxes, household
File	Household
Definition	Taxes based on incomes not included in the LIS current income concept.
	This includes taxes on capital gains and other windfall incomes, such as inheritance (estate) and gift taxes, as
	well as recurrent and non-recurrent taxes on the property and net worth as well as taxes on financial and
	capital transactions.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxptax: property taxes, household
File	Household
Definition	Recurrent and non-recurrent taxes on the property and net worth as well as taxes on financial and capital
	transactions.
Comments	The examples are taxes on land, buildings, movable properties, taxes on the issue, transfer, purchase and sale of securities, and taxes levied on specific legal transactions such as validation of contracts and the sale of immovable property. Additionally, this variable contains any taxes on the revaluation of capital and non-recurrent taxes on particular items of property. Finally, this variable records the other recurrent taxes such as taxes on owned goods (jewelry, cattle, etc.) and other external signs of wealth (note: they are rather rarely imposed and collected).  Note that this variable may include the totality of municipality taxes (whether direct or not) in case the property tax is the major component.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable hxvcont: voluntary contributions, household
File Household

Definition
Non-mandatory contributions towards private insurances such as private pensions, private health plans, life insurance, or any other insurance voluntarily agreed upon by individuals (not necessarily in connection with employment).

Comments
-

Variable	pxvcont: voluntary contributions, person
File	Person
Definition	Non-mandatory contributions towards private insurances such as private pensions, private health plans, life insurance, or any other insurance voluntarily agreed upon by individuals (not necessarily in connection with employment).
Comments	-

Variable	hxiht: inter-household transfers paid, household	
File	Household	
Definition	Transfers to other households, including alimony, remittances and any other regular cash transfers paid to relatives, excluding one-time cash gifts.	
Comments	-	

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxalim: alimony and child support paid, household
File	Household
Definition	Child allowances or support paid by one of the members of the household to non-household members.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxremit: remittances paid, household	
File	Household	
Definition	Remittances paid by one of the members of the household to non-household members.	
Comments	-	

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxmort: mortgage installment, household
File	Household
Definition	Monetary outflows resulting from the repayments of mortgages, including both principal part and the interest.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxintm: mortgage interest paid, household	
File	Household	
Definition	Interest paid on mortgage.	
Comments		

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxloan: installment for other loans
File	Household
Definition	Monetary outflows resulting from the repayments of loans other than mortgages, including both the principal part and the interest.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hxintl: interest paid on other loans	
File	Household	
Definition	Interest paid on loans other than mortgages.	
Comments	-	

Variable	helabour: extraordinary labour income, household
File	Household
Definition	Windfall gains and other such irregular and typically onetime receipts from labour.
Comments	Includes severance pay and retirement packages (both from the employer and insurance based schemes).
Values	Continuous variable

values	Continuous	variable

Variable	pelabour: extraordinary labour income, person
File	Person
Definition	Windfall gains and other such irregular and typically onetime receipts from labour.
Comments	Includes severance pay and retirement packages (both from the employer and insurance based schemes).

Variable	hecgain: capital gains, household
File	Household
Definition	Profits and losses due to sales of property and securities.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	heinherit: inheritance received, household
File	Household
Definition	Inheritances.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	heoth: other extraordinary income, household
File	Household
Definition	Windfall gains and other such irregular and typically onetime receipts, such as lottery winnings, insurance
	compensations, and other similar lump-sum receipts.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hrenti: imputed rent, household
File	Household
Definition	Imputed rent of the dwelling(s) for owners, rent-free tenants, and subsidized housing tenants. Ideally,
	corresponds to Code 04.2 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	This variable represents the full imputed rent at market value for respondents who are owners or rent-free
	tenants, and the amount of market rent paid by an outside source for respondents with subsidized housing.
	Respondents who rent their main dwelling at market value have a value of zero in this variable, but there are
	plausible exceptions, such as ownership of holiday home or garage. Be aware that using hrenti on its own or in
	conjunction with tenure type (through the own variable) will provide two conceptually different measures.
	Note that this amount is not included in the total housing expenditures of variable hc4, nor in total
	consumption expenditure (hcexp).

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hc1: food and non-alcoholic beverages, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of food and non-alcoholic beverages. Ideally, corresponds to Code 01 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).

Variable	hc2: alcohol and tobacco, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of alcoholic beverages, tobacco, and narcotics. Ideally, corresponds to Code 02 of the COICOP
	classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc3: clothing and footwear, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of clothing and footwear. Ideally, corresponds to Code 03 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc4: actual rent and utilities, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of housing (actual rentals and maintenance and repair of the dwelling), water (water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling), electricity, gas and other fuels, for both the primary and secondary residences (kept for own use). Renovation costs as well as expenditure on furniture are excluded, as well as expenditure on mortgage (both the capital and interest part). Ideally, corresponds to Code 04 of the COICOP classification with the exception of imputed rent which is included according to COICOP and excluded from this variable.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household), however it excludes the imputed rent.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hc41: actual rent, household
File	Household
Definition	Actual rent of the dwelling(s). Ideally, corresponds to Code 04.1 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household), however it excludes the imputed rent.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hc5: housing equipment, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of furnishings (furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings), household equipment
	(household textiles, household appliances, glassware, tableware and household utensils, tools and equipment
	for house and garden) and goods and services for routine household maintenance. Ideally, corresponds to Code
	05 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hc6: health, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of health, including medical products, appliances and equipment, outpatient services, and hospital services. Payments for health insurances are excluded. Ideally, corresponds to Code 06 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the household).
Values	Continuous variable

 Variable
 hc7: transport, household

 File
 Household

Definition	Consumption of transport, including purchase of vehicles, operation of personal transport equipment, and
	transport services. Ideally, corresponds to Code 07 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc8: communication, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of communication, including postal services, telephone and telefax equipment, and telephone and
	telefax services. Ideally, corresponds to Code 08 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc9: recreation and culture, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of recreation and culture, including audio-visual, photographic and information processing
	equipment, other major durables for recreation and culture, other recreational items and equipment, gardens
	and pets, recreational and cultural services, newspapers, books and stationery, package holidays. Ideally,
	corresponds to Code 09 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc10: education, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of education, including pre-primary and primary education, secondary education, post-secondary
	non-tertiary education, tertiary education, and education not definable by level. Ideally, corresponds to Code 10
	of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc11: restaurants and hotels, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of restaurants (catering services) and hotels (accommodation services). Ideally, corresponds to
	Code 11 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the
	household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hc12: miscellaneous goods and services, household
File	Household
Definition	Consumption of miscellaneous goods and services, such as personal care, prostitution, personal effects n.e.c., social protection, insurance, financial services n.e.c., other services n.e.c. Ideally, corresponds to Code 12 of the COICOP classification.
Comments	Includes value of goods and services consumed but not paid for (received in donation or own produced by the household).
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	ha: total assets
File	Household

Definition	Combined current value under the current market expectations of non-financial and financial assets (including pension assets and other long-term savings) owned by household members. An asset is defined as an economic resource reported at the current value and owned by the household at a specific point in time, usually on the date of survey. Assets have economic value that can be turned into cash or exchanged for other assets. Assets may be financial or nonfinancial in nature. To be recognized as an asset for the inclusion in the household balance sheet, an economic claim must be unconditional. Therefore, contingent assets are excluded from the measurement of wealth.
Comments	The measurement of current value is the ideal one for all LWS assets. If the current value of assets is not available in the original survey, then the cost of asset is utilized and a note will be provided (the cost approach identifies the amount of cash or cash equivalent required to replace an existing asset with the same or similar asset at current price). Life insurance, voluntary individual pensions as well as occupational and social security pension entitlements are considered as saving and investment assets, thus included in the measurement of total assets. Please note that pension entitlements available in LWS might have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations. However, if such computations are not carried out nor collected, then variable total assets contains only missing values, because some of its subcomponents (e.g. variables HASODB and/or HASSDB) would be missing.

Variable	han: non-financial assets
File	Household
Definition	Combined market value of real estate and non-housing assets owned by household members. Non-financial assets are tangible assets that belong to the group of non-current assets and are usually non-liquid assets. By definition, they cannot be financial claims.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hanr: real estate
File	Household
Definition	Combined market value of principal residence and other real estate owned by household members. Any real estate that is designated as part of a private enterprise not publicly traded is excluded.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hanrp: principal residence
File	Household
Definition	Current value of the main dwelling occupied by the household and owned or partly owned by one or more of its members. The land on which the residence is located, as well as outbuildings that belong to the principal residence, are included in the value. Houseboats and mobile homes that are considered the principal residence are included. The residence may or may not have a mortgage or loan secured against it.
Comments	If the current value of main dwelling is not available, then the current price for which a similar principal residence can be bought might be taken into account, but never a historical value. The note would inform users about such a deviation in the measurement of principal residence value.

Variable	hanro: other real estate
File	Household

Definition	Current value of real estate utilized for any type of investment or leisure purposes which is not considered the primary residence. Properties owned in partnership are included, but real estate assets of privately-held businesses that are not publicly traded are excluded. This variable includes other types of housing not regarded as the principal residence, such as dwellings used during the working week, vacation properties, commercial real estate, apartment buildings, forestry land, lakes, and other sites and plots of land. This variable also includes the market value of agricultural buildings and land that is fully or partially owned by the household, but does not fall into the category of primary residence.
Comments	does not fall into the category of primary residence.

Variable	hann: non-housing assets
File	Household
Definition	Combined market value of business equity, consumer goods, and other non-financial assets.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hannb: business equity
File	Household
Definition	Current value of tangible and intangible assets held by a private business, less the financial liabilities held against these assets. Assets include property, plant and equipment, inventories, patents and trademarks, as well as financial instruments held by the business, such as cash, accounts receivable, loans receivable and shares. Financial liabilities such as accounts payable, loans payable and bank overdrafts are subtracted from business financial instruments. The business should not be publicly traded and must be owned or partly owned by a member of the household who works in the business (self-employed) or has an active management role in the business.
Comments	This is the only variable in LWS that records the value of net assets, representing assets less liabilities. The value of household's business is usually collected in the surveys on the basis of how much the business could be sold for (what it is worth if one were to sell it right now), which is the market value of business equity. The valuation of business equity could be also provided in the surveys on a cost bases for tax purposes (i.e. what was the household original investment in the business). LWS strongly prefers the former to the later. If only the later is available in the survey, then the value would be coded here with a note for the users.  For the types of businesses that are included in this variable, please check the description of variable HBUS1/3_C (business indicator/type of business).

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hannc: consumer goods
File	Household
Definition	Combined market value of vehicles and other durables, collectibles, and valuables owned by the household.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hanncv: vehicles
File	Household
Definition	Market value of cars, motorcycles, boats, aircraft, camping cars/motor homes, etc. owned by household members other than their own business vehicles. If a vehicle is used as a primary residence, it is excluded from this variable.
Comments	-
Values	Continuous variable

Variable hanncd: other durables and valuables
File Household

Definition	Current value of all durables (except vehicles) as well as all valuables owned by the household, and stored within or outside of housing units owned by the household. Business assets are excluded. Contents within a housing unit include furniture, appliances, computer and entertainment equipment, and other contents of the household's belongings. All goods that store worth are also included, such as collectables, precious stones and metals, fine jewellery, works of art, antiques, and stamp and coin collections.
Comments	If the data provider collects only the information on holdings of valuables rather than a detailed breakdown,
	then a note will be provided.

Variable	hanno: other non-financial assets
File	Household
Definition	Current market value of intellectual property products (e.g. literary or artistic originals, or computer software), contracts, and leases and licences that meet the conditions for treatment as assets (e.g. marketable operating leases allowing a tenant to sub-let a building, or tradeable licences and permits to undertake specific activities). All assets must belong to the household and not to the own unincorporated business. This variable also includes other miscellaneous non-financial assets.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	haf: financial assets (excluding pensions)
File	Household
Definition	Combined market value of financial investments, deposit accounts, cash and other financial assets owned by household members. Financial assets refer to financial claims, which are the payment or series of payments due to the creditor by the debtor under the terms of a liability. Shares and other equity are treated as financial assets even though the financial claim their holders have on the issuing institutional unit is not a fixed or predetermined monetary amount. (Conversely, equity is treated as a liability of the issuing unit).
Comments	This variable does not include pension assets and other long-term savings (included in variable HAS).

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hafc: deposit accounts and cash
File	Household
Definition	Claims that are represented by evidence of deposit as well as cash (the notes and coins with their nominal
	value) that the household members possess either as deposits in the financial institution or any other place
	available for their disposal. Examples are transaction (checking) accounts, savings accounts, term deposits, and
	certificates of deposit. Also included are special saving accounts except those that are directly associated with
	the market investments.
Comments	The saving accounts associated with the market investments are those where a household has an option to
	invest all or significant part of their funds that are in that account in stocks, bonds, or alternative investments;
	therefore, such accounts are excluded from this variable. Please note that the negative values in transaction
	(checking) accounts that are due to the overdrawn facilities are not included in this variable, but rather on the
	liabilities side of the balance sheet.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hafi: financial investments
File	Household
Definition	Sum of bonds and other debt securities, stocks and other equity, investment funds and alternative investments
	as well as other financial investments not further specified.
Comments	This variable contains a sum of subcomponents of financial investments (if they are available separately)
	recorded in the variables HAFIB, HAFIS, and HAFII. If there are investments that are not precisely specified in
	terms of type, then their current value will be also coded in this variable with an explanatory note.

Variable	hafib: bonds and other debt securities
File	Household
Definition	Negotiable instruments serving as evidence of debt. Examples are government saving bonds, corporate bonds, commercial paper, state or municipal non-saving bonds, foreign bonds and other non-saving bonds, debentures, mortgage-backed securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, treasury bills (T-bills), treasury certificates (T-certificates), treasury bonds (T-bonds), zero-coupon bonds, and similar instruments normally traded in financial markets.
Comments	-

Variable	hafis: stocks and other equity
File	Household
Definition	Instruments and records acknowledging claims on the residual value of a business after the claims of all creditors have been met. Examples are publicly traded shares that are listed on an exchange, unlisted shares (i.e. private equity securities), and other private equity (e.g. equity in partnerships and other businesses, and equity in family trusts). Equity in own businesses within the household (i.e. when household member(s) take an active role in business) is excluded.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hafii: investment funds and alternative investments
File	Household
Definition	Collective investment undertakings through which investors pool funds for investment in financial or non-financial assets, as well as alternative investments. Examples are mutual funds, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), unit investment trusts (UITs), income trusts (e.g. real estate investment trusts (REITs) and natural resource trusts), held-to-maturity and other managed investment accounts (other than special saving accounts), hedge funds and funds of hedge funds, private equity and venture capital funds and real estate investment funds; the variable also includes managed futures funds and other derivatives contracts (e.g. stock indices, currencies, interest rates, commodity futures, etc.).
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hafo: other non-pension financial assets	
File	Household	
Definition	Miscellaneous financial assets, including loans made to other people, and other accounts receivable not elsewhere classified. This residual category comprises very diverse financial assets that have usually marginal importance in the household's portfolio.	
Comments	-	

Values Continuous variable

Variable	has: pension assets and other long-term savings	
File	Household	
Definition	Combined value of long-term voluntary individual investment plans and pension entitlements other than voluntary pension funds. The former includes cash-value life insurance (other than accident life insurance) and voluntary individual pension accounts. The latter refers to occupational and social security pension entitlements.	
Comments	Comment Please note that pension entitlements might have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations. However, if such computations are not carried out nor collected, this variable contains only missing values, because some of its subcomponents (e.g. variables HASODB and/or HASSDB) would be missing.	

Variable	pas: pension assets and other long-term savings, person	
File	Person	
Definition	Combined value of long-term voluntary individual investment plans and pension entitlements other than voluntary pension funds. The former includes cash-value life insurance (other than accident life insurance) and voluntary individual pension accounts. The latter refers to occupational and social security pension entitlements.	
Comments	Please note that pension entitlements might have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations. However, if such computations are not carried out nor collected, this variable contains only missing values, because some of its subcomponents (e.g. variables PASODB and/or PASSDB) would be missing.	
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Variable	hasi: life insurance and voluntary individual pensions	
File	Household	
Definition	Sum cash-value of life insurance and voluntary individual pension accounts.	
Comments	-	

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pasi: life insurance and voluntary individual pensions, person	
File	Person	
Definition	Sum cash-value of life insurance and voluntary individual pension accounts.	
Comments	-	

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hasil: life insurance accounts
File	Household
Definition	Claims of policyholder or policy beneficiary on financial institutions that issued life insurance policy. These claims include life insurance entitlements where the insurer guarantees to pay the policy-holder an agreed lump-sum or an annuity at a given date, or to the policy beneficiary if the policy-holder dies beforehand. Thus, this variable accounts only for life insurance policies that allow policyholder to accumulate cash value. Both, with-profit and without- profit policies, are included.
Comments	Term insurance providing benefits in the case of death (e.g. from an accident), but in no other circumstances is regarded as non-life insurance, and is therefore excluded.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	pasil: life insurance accounts, person
File	Person
Definition	Claims of policyholder or policy beneficiary on financial institutions that issued life insurance policy. These claims include life insurance entitlements where the insurer guarantees to pay the policy-holder an agreed lump-sum or an annuity at a given date, or to the policy beneficiary if the policy-holder dies beforehand. Thus, this variable accounts only for life insurance policies that allow policyholder to accumulate cash value. Both, with-profit and without- profit policies, are included.
Comments	Term insurance providing benefits in the case of death (e.g. from an accident), but in no other circumstances is
	regarded as non-life insurance, and is therefore excluded.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hasip: individual voluntary pension accounts	
File	Household	
Definition	Value of voluntary non-occupational individual accounts for old-age purposes.	

Comments	Refers to non-occupational plans for which the state does not require mandatory participation. Please note tha
	non-occupational plans are not established by the employer, but employers could also participate in such plans
	The contributions can be paid by the individual alone or by the individual and his/her employer; additionally the
	state can subsidize these plans. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits
	(either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual (and hence
	included in this variable) even if set up by the employer.
	moraded in this tandshey even in set up by the employer.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	pasip: individual voluntary pension accounts, person
File	Person
Definition	Value of voluntary non-occupational individual accounts for old-age purposes.
Comments	Refers to non-occupational plans for which the state does not require mandatory participation. Please note that
	non-occupational plans are not established by the employer, but employers could also participate in such plans
	The contributions can be paid by the individual alone or by the individual and his/her employer; additionally th
	state can subsidize these plans. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits
	(either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual (and hence
	included in this variable) even if set up by the employer.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	haso: occupational pensions
File	Household
Definition	Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution occupational pensions.
Comments	Includes both mandatory and voluntary occupational pensions. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is
	allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered a
	individual (and hence not included in this variable) even if set up by the employer.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	paso: occupational pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution occupational pensions.
Comments	Includes both mandatory and voluntary occupational pensions. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is

Variable	paso: occupational pensions, person
File	Person
Definition	Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution occupational pensions.
Comments	Includes both mandatory and voluntary occupational pensions. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual (and hence not included in this variable) even if set up by the employer.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hasodb: occupational pensions (DB schemes)	
File	Household	
Definition	Value of defined-benefit occupational pensions.	
Comments	Includes both mandatory and voluntary defined-benefit occupational pensions. Please note occupational pensions (DB-schemes) might have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations.	

Values	Continuous variable

Variable	pasodb: occupational pensions (DB schemes), person
File	Person
Definition	Value of defined-benefit occupational pensions.

	Includes both mandatory and voluntary defined-benefit occupational pensions. Please note occupational pensions (DB-schemes) might have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hasodc: occupational pensions (DC schemes)
File	Household
Definition	Value of defined-contribution occupational pensions.
Comments	Includes both mandatory and voluntary defined-contribution occupational pensions. The value of defined-contribution schemes is typically collected as the value of the (virtual) balance account.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	pasodc: occupational pensions (DC schemes), person
File	Person
Definition	Value of defined-contribution occupational pensions.
Comments	Includes both mandatory and voluntary defined-contribution occupational pensions. The value of defined-contribution schemes is typically collected as the value of the (virtual) balance account.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	hass: social security pension entitlements
File	Household
Definition	Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).
Comments	Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.
Values	Continuous variable
Variable	pass: social security pension entitlements, person
<b>Variable</b> File	pass: social security pension entitlements, person Person
File Definition	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).
File	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the
File Definition Comments	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.
File Definition  Comments Values  Variable File	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.  Continuous variable  hassdb: social security (DB schemes)  Household
File Definition  Comments Values  Variable File Definition	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.  Continuous variable  hassdb: social security (DB schemes)  Household  Value of defined-benefit social security pensions entitlements.
File Definition  Comments Values  Variable File	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.  Continuous variable  hassdb: social security (DB schemes)  Household  Value of defined-benefit social security pensions entitlements.  This information is at this time available very seldom. Please note social security pensions (DB-schemes) migh have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about
File Definition  Comments Values  Variable File Definition	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.  Continuous variable  hassdb: social security (DB schemes)  Household  Value of defined-benefit social security pensions entitlements.  This information is at this time available very seldom. Please note social security pensions (DB-schemes) migh have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about
File Definition  Comments Values  Variable File Definition Comments  Values	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.  Continuous variable  hassdb: social security (DB schemes)  Household  Value of defined-benefit social security pensions entitlements.  This information is at this time available very seldom. Please note social security pensions (DB-schemes) migh have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations.  Continuous variable
File Definition  Comments Values  Variable File Definition Comments	Person  Value of defined-benefit and defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. Note that pension plans, where the insurer is allowed to withdraw benefits (either as annuities or as lump-sums) before the retirement age are considered as individual plans (and hence not included in this variable).  Includes also mandatory individual pension accounts.  Continuous variable  hassdb: social security (DB schemes)  Household  Value of defined-benefit social security pensions entitlements.  This information is at this time available very seldom. Please note social security pensions (DB-schemes) migh have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the current market expectations.

Comments	This information is at this time available very seldom. Please note social security pensions (DB-schemes) might
	have been computed by the data provider using the cash-flow approach that converts the future cash flows to
	the present value using the time interval and discount rate that reflects the current market expectation about
	those future cash flows. The present value computed in such a way is identical to the current value under the
	current market expectations.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hassdc: social security (DC schemes)
File	Household
Definition	Value of defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. It also includes mandatory individual pension accounts. The value of defined-contribution schemes is typically collected as the value of the (virtual) balance account.
Comments	-

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Continuous variable

File F	Person
rile	Person
ļ r	Value of defined-contribution social security pensions entitlements. It also includes mandatory individual pension accounts. The value of defined-contribution schemes is typically collected as the value of the (virtual) balance account.
Comments -	-

Values Continuous variable

Values

Variable	hl: total liabilities
File	Household
Definition	-
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hlr: real estate liabilities
File	Household
Definition	Amount of cash or cash equivalent needed to settle the current obligation taken by household members for the
	principal residence and other real estate.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hlrp: principal residence loans
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are used for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or improving the household's principal residence. Examples are home mortgage loans; reverse mortgage loans; home equity loans (not lines of credit) for alterations and additions to this property (e.g. increasing liveable area with new construction); money borrowed for a deposit on a home purchase; bridging finance taken out until such time as a home loan is obtained.
Comments	1-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hiro: other real estate loans
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are used for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or improving other dwellings, buildings and land (other than own unincorporated business properties). Examples are loans for purchase of vacation property, timeshare, farm land, cemetery plots, and loans for purchase of rental properties for investment purposes including properties owned with other people.
Comments	

Variable	hln: non-housing liabilities
File	Household
Definition	Total outstanding balance of debt for non-housing liabilities that is the current value of the following liabilities: investment loans, consumer goods loans, education loans and other liabilities.
Comments	-

Variable	hlni: investment loans
File	Household
Definition	The amount of money borrowed to finance investments. This variable includes loans for the financial investment products, such as bonds and other debt securities, stocks and other equity, investment funds and alternative investments as well as other financial investments not further specified. A separate class of financial products for which loans are recorded here are insurance-type products such as voluntary private pension plans and whole-life insurance. This variable also contains the investment loans used to purchase valuables/collectibles (e.g. gold) and intellectual property, but excludes the investment loans for any real estate.
Comments	This variable also includes investment loans for business that is non-actively managed by the household member(s) (e.g. silent partner, investor), but excludes loans for investment in the already existing business that is not publicly traded and it is owned or partly owned by a member of the household who works in the business (self-employed) or has an active management role in the business (see also variable HANNB).

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hinc: consumer goods loans
File	Household
Definition	Loans taken for any type of goods and services, including vehicle loans, credit card loans used for purchases of goods and services or loans to consolidate or pay off other financial obligations.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hlncv: vehicle loans
File	Household
Definition	Loans taken for the purchase of cars, motorcycles, boats, aircraft, etc. excluding vehicles primarily used for the
	business of an own unincorporated business or as primary residence.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hlncd: other loans for goods and consumption
File	Household
Definition	Loans taken for the purpose of consolidating or paying off other debts (excluding loans primarily used for the business of an own unincorporated business) and the loans taken for the purpose of covering living expenses or other purchases. These loans include credit card loans, the outstanding balance on line of credit, overdraft balance, and balance on deferred payment and instalment debts for goods and consumption (except consumer financing for vehicles).
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hine: education loans
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are intended to cover study expenses and other costs associated with education and training.
Comments	-

Variable	hlno: other non-housing liabilities
File	Household

Definition	Miscellaneous debts that can be formal or informal and cannot be classified by their purpose.
Comments	This variable might include overdue tax obligations, past due bills (arrears), other liabilities to other households
	(e.g., money borrowed from friends/relatives outside the household), etc.
Values	Continuous variable

Variable	hlsr: institutional loans secured by real estate
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are secured against principal residence and the other real estate for purchasing principal residence, other real estate, vehicles, for investing in other non-financial or financial assets, for use in own unincorporated businesses, for meeting education expenses, or for acquiring other goods and services.
Comments	Note that liabilities by security are not grouped by purpose of debt (e.g. to acquire particular types of goods, services, assets), but by secured status of debt (e.g. whether or not debts are secured against assets and type of asset held as security).

Variable	hlsrp: secured by principal residence
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are secured against the principal residence for purchasing principal residence, other real estate, vehicles, for investing in other non-financial or financial assets, for use in own unincorporated businesses, for meeting education expenses, or for acquiring other goods and services.
Comments	It is assumed that the mortgage is at least secured by the principal residence itself and perhaps by other assets. Therefore, loans for the purpose of buying, constructing, or altering the principal residence are included in this variable in addition to loans for other purposes that use principal residence as collateral. If it is known from the survey that the loan for a principal residence was fully or partially secured by other assets (e.g. other real estate), then the amount will not appear in this variable.

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hlsro: secured by other real estate
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are secured against real estate other than the principal residence and are taken out to purchase other real estate, principal residence or vehicles; for investments in other non-financial or financial assets; for use in own unincorporated businesses; for meeting education expenses; or for acquisition of other goods and services.
Comments	-

Values Continuous variable

Variable	hisn: loans not secured by real estate
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are neither secured against principal residence nor other real estate and are taken from financial institutions (institutional) or other households (non-institutional). They can be taken for the purpose of purchasing a principal residence or other real estate, vehicles, for investing in other non-financial or financial assets, for use in own unincorporated businesses, for meeting education expenses, or for acquiring other goods and services.
Comments	-

Variable	hlsng: guaranteed institutional loans
File	Household

Definition	Loans that are taken from financial institutions and are secured by neither the principal residence nor the other
	real estate, but rather guaranteed by assets for which the loan was taken or other assets owned by the
	household (except real estate) or other persons' (consigner) assets. Loans taken from other households are
	included in this variable under the condition that any type of legal document that warrants the lender to
	recover the assets has been signed by both parties. These include loans for purchasing a principal residence and
	other real estate (except the cases where the collateral is a principal residence or other real estate) or vehicles;
	for investing in other non-financial or financial assets; for use in own unincorporated businesses; for meeting
	education expenses; or for acquiring other goods and services.
Comments	-

Variable	hlsnn: non-guaranteed institutional loans
File	Household
Definition	Loans that are taken from financial institutions and are neither secured by the principal residence nor the other real estate nor guaranteed by assets for which the loan was taken nor other assets owned by the household nor other persons' (co-signer') assets. In other words, these are the unsecured debts taken for purchasing a principal residence and other real estate (except the cases where the collateral is a principal residence or other real estate) or vehicles; for investing in other non-financial or financial assets; for use in own unincorporated businesses; for meeting education expenses; or for acquiring other goods and services. Non-guaranteed institutional loans are issued based on borrower's creditworthiness (the likelihood that debts will be repaid which is usually calculated based on history of repaying debts and evaluation of debt to income ratio); they are also called personal or signature loans. The outstanding balance on a line of credit, overdraft balance or borrowing money with a credit card is considered unsecured loan.
Comments	-